THE CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD, MARCH 1866. "Liberty and Union, One and Inseparable."—WEBSTER. TERMS: $2.00—$1.50 IN ADVANCE.

VOL. 39. EMPORIUM, PA., THURSDAY, JANUARY 5, 1905. NO. 46.

State Library 1July1905

Big Game.

On Wednesday, Dec. 21st of last week Mr. J. C. Skillman discovered a fresh otter track near his camp at Square Timber Run. Securing the assistance of Wallace Fields he followed the track for some distance finally coming upon the animal under a large pile of logs. Not being able to move the logs in order to secure the game, they remained on watch until midnight but the otter made no attempt to leave his hiding place. It was a bright moonlight night and the hunters fatigued from their long watch concluded to spend the balance of the night in Reed Bros. Camp and secure the game in the morning, but in the meanwhile Mr. Otter had a scheme of his own and after the men left he started toward Potter county into Logues Run, about five miles from Square Timber Run, the chase was taken up by Mr. Skillman and Mr. Fields at daybreak the next morning and they came upon their quarry about 9 a. m., where a gunshot finished the animal. It was a splendid specimen and the hunters feel justly proud of their success.

Mr. Skillman and Mr. Fields have added more trophies to their collection of furs since they secured the otter. On Monday, Dec. 26, they started early in the morning with their rifles, Mr. Skillman carrying a 303 Savage and Mr. Fields a 38 56 winchester. Their field of operations was within a radius of two or three miles of Mr. Skillman's camp at Square Timber Run. Nothing in the shape of game sighted until about 2 p. m., when the hounds started a fox which was soon placed on the retired list Shortly after the dogs started a catamount on the side of the mountain and it took two shots to kill it after an exciting chase. The animal measured four feet in length from tip to tip and weighed 47 pounds. The hides of the catamount and fox are on exhibition at the camp along with the deer and otter hides.

D. F. S.

Milk Wagon Takes a Ride.

On Tuesday morning, Dec. 27th, while Chas. Howard's modern milk wagon was coming down the Portage road, from Mr. Howard's farm, to serve the town customers, an accident happened that might have resulted more seriously than it did. When the wagon, in charge of Ralph Kautz who had a boy companion, Earl Edwards, neared Rattlesnake Park, the vehicle started to "slide" on the ice towards the creek. Young Edwards made a break to get out and succeeded while Ralph pulled the horses for the bank. At this instant the wagon was partly over the creek bank when Ralph jumped, at the same time Mr. milk wagon, cans, bottles and milk severed their connection with the horses and took a ride down the river amidst the breaking ice. At this point the water was at least ten feet deep and it is lucky the occupants escaped. The last heard of the wagon it was going towards Driftwood. Shippen township will, no doubt, have another bill of expense to pay.

A Valuable Book.

Arrangements have been made for every reader of this paper to receive a copy of the new 1905 Kodol Almanac.

We have seen a copy of the Almanac and must say that it is a thing of beauty in color and design and valuable for the important general information it conveys. The weather forecasts, we understand, are made by one of the best experts in the world.

This Book is well worth sending for and it will be furnished you for one two cent stamp, providing you mention this paper when you write the publishers, E. C. DeWitt & Co., 203-205 LaSalle Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Eye Specialist.

Prof. W. H. Budine, the well known Eye Specialist, of Binghamton, N. Y., will be at R. H. Hirsch's jewelry store, Emporium, Pa., January 13th and 14th. If you can't see well or have headache don't fail to call and see Prof. Budine, as he guarantees to cure all such cases. Lenses ground and fitted in old frames. Eyes tested and examined free. All work guaranteed.

Gone Back Home.

Mr. J. Geo. Miller, after conducting the Cameron House at Cameron for several months has sold the same to A. F. Walker well and favorably known to our people. Mr. Miller. and family have returned to Lock Haven. Mr. Miller is a jolly gntleman and made many friends here as well as Cameron.

MARRIED.

McCLELAHAN—WOODCOCK—At the Free Methodist parsonage Emporium, Pa., Dec. 24, 1904, by Rev. R. A. Robertson, Mr. Willis McClelahan and Miss May Woodcock both of Emporium, Pa.

The Observer.

When the Observer referred recently to the socialistic program of the Independent, he did not suppose for a moment that he would be understood by any one as including such issues as personal registration and the protection of streams from pollution, under the name of socialistic. The Observer had particular reference to the proposal of the Independent that the government should own and administer the railroads and telegraphs. The Observer would like to see our streams kept clean and pure. He believes also that the enforcement of personal registration would contribute something towards making the political stream cleaner and purer than it is at present. No sane person would ever think of calling a personal registration law a socialistic measure. For the peace of mind of the Independent, the Observer begs to assure that journal that it is not because of its advocacy of personal registration that he thinks that it should haul down the Jeffersonian flag.

* * *

Whatever may be the defects of Jeffersonianism, it is certain that Jefferson stood for the principle that the individual is the political unit, and that one individual should count for one and only one. The purpose of a personal registration measure is to prevent one individual from counting for more than one. Although it was Jefferson's cardinal political principle that legislation should be kept down to the lowest possible notch, the Observer believes that Jefferson, were he alive to day, would heartily cencede the necessity of a personal registration law.

* * *

Jefferson's cardinal political principle was that the functions of government should be kept down to the lowest possible notch. It is true that he did not lay down a hard and fast limit above which such functions should never rise. He was willing to allow the government to exercise any function which the welfare of the people made absolutely necessary, but he demanded the clearest and strongest proof that the proposed extension of governmental functions was really necessary. He always consistently maintained his attitude that the functions of government should be kept down to the lowest possible notch, consistent with the welfare of the people.

* * *

The Independent, under the taint of the socialistic virus, has abandoned this characteristic Jeffersonian attitude. Instead of seeking to keep the functions of the government down to the lowest practicable limit, the Independent is advocating a very liberal extension of the powers of the general government. The Observer does not believe with Jefferson that the functions of government should be kept down as low as possible; neither, on the other hand, does he believe that legislation and governmental action and interference is a panecea for all the ills that the body politic and social is heir to. Occasionally, however, many men are carried away by the delusion that governmental interference, in the way of making and enforcing new laws, is a cure for everything. Under the sway of that delusion, they are eager to see the powers of the government extended indefinitely. The present tendency of the Independent is towards this attitude, which is the opposite extreme from that of Jefferson. Perhaps it is officious to do so, but the Observer feels called upon to point out to the Independent the profound distinction between these two attitudes, and to ask the Independent which of the two attitudes it intends seriously to assume.

* * *

The Observer is far from seeing his way clear to believe that the government should own and operate the railroads. Such a step would mean an enormous extension of the civil service and a vast increase, not only in the administrative power of the government, but also in the political power of the party and officials charged with the responsibility of administration. Compared with such power, the power which the general government now wields through the patronage of the post-office department is small indeed. The Independent has had things to say about "imperialism." Might we not have serious reason to be afraid for our liberties, should such tremendous power fall into the hands of an ambitious or corrupt executive? The Independent may say that it is better that the government should own the corporations than that the corporations should own the government. That sounds well. There was once a little boy who sat out to see how many oysters he could swallow, with the result that he finally turned into an oyster himself. So might it be with the government, should it set out to absorb the corporations. It might very easily become a more terrible octopus than any it had swallowed.

Almost Drowned.

Last Saturday a number of boys were skating on the pond south of town. One young lad, Clark Metzger, aged ten years, son of Geo. Metzger, Jr., knocked a ball to a spot near the breast of the dam and in attempting to "hook" it to him the ice broke, letting him in the water, which was seven feet deep. His young companions extended their canes or sticks to the lad and attempted to draw him out of the water. This effort broke a large section of ice, which carried Clark over the breast of the dam. When going down the chute he jumped as best he could for shore, but could not reach it and into the deep hole he went. The plucky little fellow fought manfully to save himself, but after fighting for ten minutes he had become cold and more or less exausted, when an older young man Thos. Cummings, Jr., hurried to his aid and jumping into the water saving him no doubt from a watery grave. Clark hurried for home quick. After recovering from his fright and a good nights rest he looked up his rescuer and presented him with a gold watch.

Our New Representative.

Hon. Josiah Howard returned from Harrisburg on Wednesday, having entered upon the discharge of his duties as Representative. Mr. Howard was well pleased with the reception tendered him. Upon the organization of the House, Mr. Howard's desk was decked with flowers and a beautiful set piece, representing the "Star," so favorably remembered by our people as a campaign ensign. In the centre of the "Star" were "44," Mr. Howard's age. Of course our Representative was highly honored and deeply appreciated the kind tokens from his friends. The set piece was from Mr. H. A. Cox, Philadelphia, and Mr. T. B. Lloyd, Cashier of First National Bank, Emporium. The large basket of beautiful flowers was the gift of other Cameron county friends. Mr. Howard requests the PRESS to extend his thanks to the donors. The flowers are on exhibition in one of the First National Bank windows.

Lovett's Boston Stars.

If repeated and hearty encores are any proof of a company's popularity, Lovett's Boston Stars were accorded a vast compliment at the Court House last Thursday night where they gave the third number in the People's Star Entertainment Course. Of such variety was the program and in such prompt order were the various numbers introduced as not to admit of a dull moment during the nearly two hours of its concerts duration. By many it was regarded, as not only the best in the present series thus far but worthy to rank with the best in any series of like character given in the town. Others, while dissenting from this extreme view are not unwilling to admit that it offered not a few features of enjoyment and that the evening as a whole was thoroughly pleasant.

The humor, and there was an abundance, was wholesome, the vocal selections were delightfully sung, the violin solos of pronounced artistic merit, while the Readings were not unworthy of the talented lady giving them. Lovett's Boston Stars may not all be of the first magnitude, but their luster was such as to make bright and happy the hearts that for nearly two hours yielded them the tribute of rapt attention and delighted interest.

Friends in Need.

Lewis Stone, Esq., a Charleston, W. Va., merchant, while going north of Emporium, was stopped here on Monday evening by a telegram informing him of the sudden death of one of his children. P. & E. agent, Thos Gallagher, interested himself and secured passage on a freight train to Johnsonburg for the bereaved gentleman, he making connection with B. R. & P. R'y fast train for Pittsburg, getting him home on Tuesday to his family and dead child. Mr. Jasper Harris, a friend of Mr. Stone's, aided him in reaching the proper officials.

New Warner Still Improves.

The new chandeliers placed in New Warner were illuminated last night for the first time. They are beauties and give a light almost equal to electric light. Mine Host Wheeler keeps right on improving this most popular house, now conceded to be the best and most talked about hotel between Harrisburg and Erie.

Treasurer's Bond.

County Treasurer John Cummings has filed his bond, as follows: F. X. Blumle, D. C. Hayes, W. L. Thomas, Josiah Howard, A. F. Vogt, and entered upon the discharge of his duties. We wish him well.

First Methodist Sunday School Christmas Observance.

Following the study of the regular lesson Christmas Day, the Sunday School of the First Methodist Church rendered an appropriate program of recitations and songs, in which was brought out in a strong and beautiful light, the birth of the Christ. This done, the distribution of candy was attended to, each member receiving a box of choice assorted chocolates, while to the primary and intermediate grades was given a special remembrance. The gifts to the primary class, generously provided by Mr. Chas. A. VanLew, were varied and beautiful, and bore unmistakabie testimony to the interest felt by him in this department of Sunday School work.

The Pastor, Rev. O. S. Metzler, the Supt. Mr. T. B. Lloyd, the teacher of the Bible Class, Mr. L. K. Huntington and the Secretary, Mr. W. F. Lloyd, were recipients of substantial and beautiful gifts, while each of the more than twenty teachers were suitably remembered by their respective classes.

Wedding Bells.

Skinner—Barr.

By M. M. Larrabee, J. P., Mr. D. A. Skinner, of Moore Hill, and Miss Eva Barr, of Bryan Hill.

***

Seely—Evans.

At Olean, N. Y., Dec. 21st, 1904, by Rev. Chas. M. Hall, Mr. Walter H. Seeley, of Jersey Shore, to Miss Hattie L. Evans, of Emporium.

The young couple quietly stole the march on their friends. Congratulations are now in order. Mr. and Mrs. Seeley are comfortably located on Fifth street.

***

McCormick—Barr.

At the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Kinsley, Broad St., brother-in-law and sister of the bride, Mr. Edward McCormick and Miss Lottie Barr of Rich Valley were united in marriage Saturday, Dec. 24 by Rev. O. S. Metzler pastor of the First Methodist Episcopal Church. Mr. and Mrs. McCormick are well known young people of Rich Valley and will have the best wishes of their many friends for a happy life.

***

Ellis—Swartwood.

At the bride's home on West Sixth St., last Monday evening at 8 o'clock Mr. Henry Ellis was united in marriage to Miss Carrie Swartwood by the Rev. O. S. Metzler, pastor of the First Methodist Episcopal Church. Relatives and friends of the contracting parties where present in large numbers, all joining to make the occasion one of exceeding pleasure. An elegant wedding supper was served at the close of the ceremony. Miss Swartwood enjoys the esteem of a large circle of friends, while, while the groom, in the employ of the Emporium Furnace Co, is a most industrious young man and is highly respected for his manly qualities. They will go to house keeping immediately on West Sixth street. Best wishes for a bright and prosperous life.

***

Mackay—Brink.

By Rev. Robert McCaslin, on Wednesday evening, December 21st, 1904, at the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. Brink, Clear Creek, this county, Mr. Malcolm J. Mackay and Miss Rine A. Brink. The wedding was a quiet one, there being no guests except the immediate relatives, Mr. and Mrs. Keltz, the son-in-law and daughter of Mrs. Brink who now reside at Canton, Pa., and the son. Although a quiet wedding, it was indeed a most cordially happy and delightful affair. It was genuine winter outside, but most cozy and cheery and comfortable inside. A large table was set literally loaded with foods and fruits in great variety and most palatable and inviting quality. Mrs. Brink has for fourteen years dished up wholesome and nourishing food to lumbermen, among whose dishes little cupid hid and aimed is arrows well at the hearts of at least two of the stalwart, manly wielders of the ax, and now they are her sons, not merely *in-law*, but *in heart* as well. Mr. Mackay is a native of Novia Scotia, but is now a worthy and substantial citizen of "the states." Our best wishes for a long, happy and properous married life go out to this newly wedded pair. X. X. X.

Baptist Church.

Rev. L. B. Twichell takes for his evening subject on Sunday night, at the Baptist Church, "The Potency of Principle to make Powerful the arm of Flesh, or The Strength that Comes from Courage in every Conflict."

Short song service and a cordial welcome to all comers.

DEATH'S DOINGS.

ROBINSON.

WILLIAM ROBINSON, aged 39 years, died at Ridgway Hospital, Dec. 26th, after having been operated upon for anthrax, that dreaded and almost always fatal poisonous disease, becoming quite frequent to those who handle the western hides. This young man, taken down in the prime of life and manhood, had worked at the Emporium tannery ever since he was a lad. He felt a pimple on his throat, the same as an ingrown hair, which continued to pain him. He worked up to Saturday night, when he called Dr. Smith. On Sunday the young man suffered great pain, the swelling passing down to his chest. Realizing that an operation was instantly necessary the Elk Tanning Company ordered him removed to Ridgway Hospital, which was done on Monday morning, Dr. Smith and Sup't Eick accompanying him. The operation, we understand, was performed the same day but was without avail, death relieving him at 6:30 p. m. The sad news was flashed to the poor wife and four small children, as well as the mother, sister and brothers. The remains of Mr. Robinson arrived in Emporium the evening of Monday. Deceased we have known all his life and always remember him as a hard working, industrious young man, jolly and good company. He was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Robinson, the father passing away only a short time ago. His death is deeply regretted by our citizens, all having a good word for William.

The funeral took place from the late residence, West Fifth street, last Wednesday afternoon, being very largely attended, the services being conducted by the Rev. O. S. Metzler, Pastor of Methodist Episcopal Church, assisted by Rev. T. W. Twichell, of Baptist Church. The eloquent remarks by Rev. Metzler are spoken of highly by the friends of deceased. The Emporium fire department attended the funeral in a body, the deceased being an active member of Hamilton Hose.

The floral designs were very numerous and beautiful and were carried by a committee of firemen.

An Elaborate Banquet.

The Banquet given at New Warner, Friday evening, Dec. 23d, by a committee of Masons, was attended by over one hundred ladies and gents. The dining room was decorated in a style creditable to the good taste of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Wheeler and their assistants The tables being arranged with great taste and banked with carnations and holly presented a beautiful scene. When the elaborate and carefully prepared menu was served, in several courses, comprising all the delicacies of the season, the chatter and clatter continued for two hours, when a halt was called by Hon. I. K. Hockley, the Toast Master, who called on a few—Mr. B. W. Green, Rev. O. S. Metzler, Mr. Fred Julian, Mr. A. C. Blum, Mr. Geo. Metzger, Sr., and others—for response to toasts. The lateness of the hour prevented the Chauncey Depew's, (bubbling over with Roman punch), from spreading themselves and all departed from the Banquet boards at one o'clock. The handiling of so many people at one setting is no small task and the creditable arrangements could not have been improved.

After the Grafters.

The Potter county grand jury has been in session for three weeks, the result being the indicting of the county commissioners, county auditors and bridge agents, charging them with conniving to defraud the tax-payers. There will be music in the air, sure.

New Advertiser.

The new firm of Tompkins & Norris (Harvey G. Tompkins and Thos H. Norris) make initial bow to the PRESS readers this issue. Both are popular with our people. Keep your eye on their space in the PRESS and see if they cannot save you money.

New Mayor.

The Council of Emporium, at its meeting Monday evening recommended Councilman Jos. A. Friendel for Burgess, vice Hon. Josiah Howard, resigned. The Court makes the appointment.

A Terribe Weapon.

H. B. Mutthersbaugh called at the PRESS sanctum yesterday and exhibited the 17 inch knife used by the Italian who stabbed Fred Quinton, at Driftwood a few nights ago. It is a fearful weapon.

Dancing at opera house on Saturday evening.

Lost—A solid gold B. of R. R. T. pin. Finder will be rewarded by leaving same at this office.

WEATHER REPORT
(Forecast by T. B. Lloyd.)
FRIDAY, Snow.
SATURDAY Rain or Snow.
SUNDAY. Fair.

Expressions of the People.

The Opening Gates of the New Year

Let us welcome the open swinging of the gates of the glad New Year with joy and greet its light with gladness, as we walk out into its untried, trackless region of beauty, hope and mystery. It was given us that we might find its treasured stores of wealth and make them ours to bless and cheer us every day. We are all prospectors in its broad fields where ores and precious gems lie buried far from sight, and only he who dares to dig and toil will ever reach their hiding place.

We have entered a new circle of that golden realm where we may enrich others while blessing ourselves. Let us give to those about us thoughts that shall shine to brighten dark and lonely hours, and words that can never die, because their wings of kindness bear them ever on to whisper love and tenderness to sad, neglected ones. Let us give deeds that shall help to their feet those who have fallen and make them strong and manly once again. When thus we give to others, we also bless ourselves. A happy New Year to you, dear reader, with a prayerful hope that as you walk through the unseen ways of all its bright and cloudy days, no dark, deep sorrow shall meet you on your journey. I would have your life submerged in sunshine with only cloud enough to make a proper background, and a cool refreshing shade. I would have you cross over and pass far—O, very far—beyond the threshold of the "three score years and ten" of perce, prosperity and plenty; and then I would have your lamp of life gently darkened only long enough to be re-lighted at hearth of Heaven's happier home.

L. B. TWICHELL.

Surprise Party.

About twenty-five friends of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Jessop gave them a "surprise" on Tuesday evening at their home, West Fourth street, the occasion being the twenty-second anniversary of their marriage. The evening was pleasantly passed and highly enjoyed by the guests, who were cordially received by the popular couple.

The following were members of the "surprise party" Rev. and Mrs. Twichell, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hackenberg, Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Welsh, Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Butler, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Felt, Mr. and Mrs. H. L. McCoy, Mr. and Mrs Jacob Huffman, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Huffman, Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Jordan, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Hurteau, Mr. and Mrs. A. Dalphy, Mrs. Robt. Faucette, Mrs. Michael Leary.

"Eager and Nipping Air."

Now that the season for Colds, Coughs and Neuralgic Pains is with us, the careful man is on the lookout for such preventive measures as will guard him against the "eager and nipping air" that may prepare the way for a winter's sickness.

It is not necessary to look far for a preventive and cure; at the nearest drug store you will find Dr. Humphreys' "Seventy-seven." Those who habitually carry and take "77" at the first sneeze or shiver rarely have a serious Cold or illness. At druggists, 25 cents, or mailed. Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William and John streets, New York.

Getting Bolder.

The Independent man now lays claim to the Merry Christmas greeting of the ladies of Presbyterian church, as it appeared in the PRESS, in connection with their Christmas announcement. You bad, bad boy. How dare you?

A Good Start.

The First Methodist Episcopal Sunday School started the new year with an attendance of 270, three new scholars and $15.00 monthly missionary collection.

For Sale or Rent.

The Sterling House, at Sterling Run, Pa., for sale or rent, with license, to right party. No letters answered.

MRS. P. MAHONEY.

46-2t.

Two Farms for Sale.

The undersigned offers for sale two farms, adjoining each other, on Moore Hill, containing about 140 acres, 100 acres improved. Good houses, outbuildings and bearing orchards. For terms apply to D. A. SKINNER, Emporium, Pa. 46-tf.

Epiphany Service in Emmanuel Church.

In observance of the Festival of the Epiphany, there will be a celebration of the Holy Communion in Emmanuel Church Friday, Januuay 6th, at 10 a. m.

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2; each subsequent insertion 40 cents per square.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion; 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business cards, five lines or less, $5 per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearges are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

The Dog's Compass.

A friend writes us an interesting account of a dog brought from Plymouth, Mass., to Cambridge, Mass., some 40 miles, says the Rochester Post-Express. He was kept tied up two days, then untied, and started for his old home in Plymouth, where he arrived safely. This is one of the thousands of similar cases, in some of which the dog has traveled hundreds of miles. We remember one in which the dog traveled up the Mississippi river from New Orleans to a northwestern state. What sort of a compass dogs carry has never yet been ascertained.

White Potato Pudding.

Wash and peel four good-sized white potatoes, grate them up fine and put them in a dish with one quart of milk; set this over a gentle fire and stir until well scalded; beat four eggs and mix one cupful of sugar with them, and stir into one quart of cold milk, one teaspoonful of salt, a small lump of butter and half a grated nutmeg, or ground cinnamon, if you prefer; mix this with the potato and pour into a deep dish, which has been buttered, and bake four hours.—Boston Budget.

Salmon Bisque.

Drain the liquor from a can of salmon and turn the contents into a saucepan. Cover with boiling water, add a pinch of salt and cook for ten minutes. Drain thoroughly; be sure that there are no bones, then mash through a strainer and place again over the fire. Add a pint of chicken stock and allow it to boil. Then turn in a pint of heated milk and a cupful of cream. Stir until perfectly smooth, strain again and serve. If not rightly seasoned add more pepper and salt.—Boston Budget.

Sunken Station.

The pumping station and coal shed at Galien, on the Burlington railroad, a short distance east of Sterling, O., which began to disappear into the earth recently, is entirely out of sight now, with the exception of the top piece of stovepipe, which is still visible in the large circular hole in which the buildings disappeared.

Friendly Suggestion.

Windig—I don't know what we are going to do with our youngest boy.

Joblots—What's the trouble?

"He's getting so we can't believe a word he says."

"Why don't you get him a job in the prediction department of the government weather bureau?"—Chicago Daily News.

Fourteen-Year-Old Bride.

A marriage at an exceptionally early age—so far, at least, as the British Isles are concerned—was made at Melton when a girl of 14 was wedded to a man of 22. The nuptials of the very youthful bride, who hails from Harby, in the Vale of Belvoir, took place in the local registry office.

Cream Pancakes.

Mix the yolks of three well-beaten eggs with half a pint of cream, sweeten with two ounces of sugar, flavor witih powdered cinnamon, name and grated nutmeg, and fry quickly in sweet, heated lard, drain and dish, sprinkling with granulated sugar, and serve halved oranges.—People's Home Journal.

A Rough Route.

Stranger in Detroit—I don't see why they charge three cents on one street car line and five cents on the other.

Old Resident—The three-cent line throws off two cents for wear and tear on the passengers.—Detroit Free Press.

Worry Over Small Things.

People worry over such mean things, and eat out their hearts and destroy their chances of happiness over microscopic grievances which are not worth a moment's serious consideration.—Madame.

A Human Propensity.

Nothing seems to tickle a homeless cur like a chance to lick the everlasting stuffing out of a curled and scented poodle in a silver-plated harness.—Chicago Post.

Really Dangerous Duel.

The Deroulede-Jaures opera bouffe French duel had more dangerous features than is common in such affairs. Both principals arrived on the scene in automobiles.—Brooklyn Times.

Most Sanguinary Battle.

The most sanguinary of modern battles was probably that of the Moskewa in 1812, when of the 130,000 French 30,000 were lost, and of the 140,000 Russians 60,000.

IT WAS A GREAT VICTORY.

Most Marvelous of All Ever Achieved by Any Party in United States.

It is hard for even the most intelligent democrat to grasp the proportions of the recent republican landslide. Here is William J. Bryan trying to show that "it wasn't much of a shower." Mr. Bryan points out that Jefferson in his second election received 162 electoral votes, compared with 14 cast for Pinckney, and adds that "President Roosevelt in his books speaks very disparagingly of Jefferson." Monroe, in 1820, got all the electoral votes cast except one. Jackson, in 1832, had 219 votes, as compared with 49 for Clay. In 1840 Harrison defeated Van Buren by a vote of 234 to 60. Pierce carried every state but four in 1852 and had 254 electoral votes, as against 42 cast for Scott. Lincoln in 1864 had 212 electoral votes, as against 21 for McClellan, while Grant, in 1868, received 214 electoral votes, as compared with 80 for Seymour, and got 268 in 1872 to 63 for Greeley. As Roosevelt will have 336, as compared with 140 for Parker, Mr. Bryan claims that the "unprecedented republican victory" was far from being unprecedented.

Mr. Bryan overlooks several important differences between the election in 1904 and all the others which he mentions, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. When Jefferson won his big victory in 1804 the federalist party was on the down grade, and though in coalition with a bolting element of the democrats, it made a pretty strong fight in 1812 it never had much strength as an opposition party after 1804, and it dropped out altogether just after the canvass of 1816. The reason why Monroe, in 1820, got all the electoral votes except one was that Monroes' party was the only party in existence at the time. When Jackson, in 1832, beat Clay by such an overwhelming vote the various elements of the opposition to Jackson's party had not yet coalesced. It was the panic of 1837, largely, though not wholly, caused by Jackson's overthrow of the United States bank, together with the democratic defalcations in federal offices, which gave the whigs their big victory in 1840. Pierce carried every state except four in 1852 because the whig party, deserted in the south and the north, was on the point of extinction, and vanished from the stage in 1854. Lincoln's big victory in 1864 was won through a temporary coalition of the war democrats with the republicans, at a time, too, when 11 states in the democratic quarter of the country were prevented from voting. Rebellion and reconstruction were hitting the democratic party at the time that Grant carried the country in 1868 and 1872.

As Mr. Bryan knows something of United States history he will see the broad divergence in the conditions in existence in all of those elections from those which prevailed in 1904. Unlike the federalist party in Jefferson's and Monroe's elections the democracy in 1904 was in vigorous shape. Through all the states of what are now called the solid south the democracy had the cards stacked in its own favor. It was not assailed from within to any such degree in 1904 as the losing parties were in 1832, 1840 or 1852. No part of the democratic region was shut out from the polls this year as it was in the Lincoln and the Grant campaigns, which the late democratic leader mentions. If the election had been as fair in the south in 1904 as it was in the rest of the country the republicans would have carried several of the states whose votes will now be counted for Parker, and in that case Roosevelt's proportion of the electoral vote would have been as large as that of most of the other presidents whom Mr. Bryan has named. Moreover, Roosevelt's proportion of the popular vote was larger than that of Jackson, Harrison, Pierce, Lincoln or Grant. When the democratic standard bearer of 1896 and 1900 digests the chief facts connected with the election of 1904 he will see that it was the most marvelous of all the victories ever achieved by any party in the United States.

An Accident No Longer.

President Roosevelt's worst enemy—and the result of the recent election does not reveal many—cannot charge him with any lack of the sense of humor. There is an incidental episode connected with the recent presidential election that aptly illustrates him "in lighter vein." Being known only to the guests of the president and his wife on election night, it has not heretofore got into print. After it became certain that the election was his, and he had received the felicitations of the men about him, President Roosevelt crossed over to his wife, and bowing low before her, as he extended his hand, said: "My dear, it gives me pleasure to inform you that I am no longer an accident."—Saturday Evening Post.

☞Col. William Jennings Bryan is reported to have purchased recently a massive white marble punch bowl that once rested on the sideboard of Thomas Jefferson, the third president of the United States. Possibly when Col. Bryan has brewed a brew in this bowl, and partaken thereof plentifully, his writings will be more Jeffersonian than ever before.—Savannah News (Dem.).

☞That reorganization of the democratic party by Messrs. Bryan and Taggart may turn out to be only a little local affair.—Indianapolis News.

☞The republicans did more than defeat Senator Cockrell for reelection; they removed the chin whiskers from public life in Missouri.—Topeka Capital.

☞If there is to be tariff readjustment, revenue revision must be considered at the same time, but so far as we can perceive there is no probability that the protective principle as a whole is in any danger. Schedules may be modified, but the protective principle itself appears to have come to stay.—Boston Transcript.

SOUTH AND DEMOCRACY.

A Voice Crying in the Wilderness Puts Up a Howl Against Wall Street.

The Hon. Thomas E. Watson, in a speech at Crawfordsville, Ga., lately, declared that the democratic party now exists only to promote "the same system of class legislation for which the republican party stands" and to fight "sham battles."

On this theory Mr. Watson predicted that "the Parker-Belmont-Cleveland-Gorman combine," while apparently fighting Bryanism, will nominate Bryan in 1908, knowing that Bryan "will be defeated worse than Parker was."

Therefore Mr. Watson exhorts the south to cut loose from the democracy on the ground that, until it does so, the grip of Wall street on the party can never be broken, nor an effective opposition organized to "privileged class legislation and corporate greed."

Of course, says the Chicago Inter Ocean, Mr. Watson has lost all hope that the democracy will ever be able to do what he thinks ought to be done. He regards himself, sincerely enough, as a voice crying in the wilderness to the plain people to come out of bondage and achieve their freedom. The trouble with Mr. Watson's view of the eastern democratic leaders is that it ascribes to them more than human wisdom and less than human fear.

Mr. Bryan will undoubtedly endeavor to rally the democracy upon a platform of downright radicalism. He will do so because, wholly aside from any question of sincerity, Mr. Bryan is a practical politician, and knows that in semisocialism is the democracy's only hope. But the eastern democrats are also practical politicians, and they will never accept Mr. Bryan on any such platform.

The eastern democrats know—they learned it again in the last campaign—that Mr. Bryan does not fight sham battles. Whether he leads or follows, Mr. Bryan's fighting is always real, because he is a practical politician, and knows that only by real fighting can victory be won. The eastern democrats might be willing to tolerate a sham battle, but they know that Mr. Bryan would make it a real one. And he might win. That would be their fear. Practical men do not give the ideas they most fear a chance to win on the chance that they may lose. From doing that the eastern democrats would be restrained by just ordinary human fear.

Yet, while the theory on which Mr. Watson advises the south to cut loose from the democracy is contrary to the facts of human nature, his advice is good in itself. Until a considerable number of southern white men do cut loose from the democratic party, learn to stand on their feet and think for themselves in politics, the south will continue to be a mere backwater of the stream of American political life.

THEY CAN DO WITHOUT HIM

The Presidential Inauguration Will Take Place Despite Absence of Vardeman.

It is announced from New Orleans that Gov. Vardaman, of Mississippi, has decided not to accept the invitation to attend the inauguration of the president, his absence being intended as "a rebuke to President Roosevelt."

It may mitigate the mortification of the president at the "rebuke," remarks the Cleveland Plain Dealer, to reflect that the invitation of the fiery governor was purely perfunctory, the same invitation being issued as a matter of custom to all governors of states as well as to other persons in high official positions, and President Roosevelt himself had nothing to do with the sending of the customary missives. There are other governors who will fail to put in an appearance, for reasons of convenience, and their absence will neither be intended nor will be construed as a snub to the president. In fact, nobody cares, probably, where Gov. Vardaman is or what he is doing when the quadrennial "high jinks" are going on at Washington. He will never be missed.

The Vardamans, the Tillmans and the others of their kind who make noisy nuisances of themselves represent only a limited class of the southern people, but they do some mischief because that sort is not so widely understood in the north as it might be. They have been sternly rebuked by the better class of newspapers in the south for their rabid nonsense. They keep to the front only because a certain element is in accord with their radical views, while a larger number regards their utterances as mere vaporings, but support them for other reasons. It should be remembered that the success of noisy demagogues has not been confined to the south.

☞President Roosevelt has put his big stick to good use in going out after the rebate grabbers and the allies, the unfair railway managers.—Chicago Daily News.

☞The St. Louis exposition is at an end, but republican Missouri is a sufficient curiosity to hold the world's admiring gaze for some time to come.—Kansas City Journal.

☞The solid south is preparing to give the president a particularly solid welcome when he goes down that way a few months hence.—Philadelphia Press.

☞By the latest table, the plurality for the republican presidential electors is 2,546,169. Nothing contributed more to the result than the democratic plank declaring that "protection is a robbery of the many to enrich the few."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

☞Mr. Taggart, during the campaign: "There are not enough contributions." Mr. Taggart, after the campaign: "There aren't enough democrats."—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

DRUMELZIER A TOTAL WRECK

THE CREW OF THE CRAFT WAS LANDED IN NEW YORK BY LIFE SAVERS.

RESCUE WAS HAZARDOUS IN THE HIGHEST DEGREE

The Wind Was Blowing 40 Miles an Hour and the Spray that Dashed Over the Ship Reached to the Top of Her Masts.

New York, Dec. 30.—With her signals of distress and her half-masted ensign still flying, the steamer Drumelzier was abandoned last night as a total wreck by her captain and a dozen of its crew who were taken off the craft and landed on Oak Island by the crews of the Fire Island and Oak Island life saving stations. Early in the day 18 men of the crew were taken off the stranded steamer by the surf boat of the Sandy Hook station, which was towed down to the scene. The men were brought to this city later on a tug. Capt. Nicholson, the chief engineer and the remaining officers and crew decided to remain on board until officially notified that the vessel had been placed in the hands of the wrecking company, in order to obviate any claim for salvage on the derelict.

At 4:40 o'clock in the afternoon the captain decided that it was unwise to remain longer on the ship, which was being terribly buffeted by the heavy seas, and asked immediate rescue. The crews of the nearby stations responded to his signals and after a hard struggle the men were taken off and landed at Oak Island.

The rescue of the men on the Drumelzier was hazardous in the extreme and was attended by many thrilling incidents.

Early in the day the Sandy Hook life savers after a long pull got under the lee of the wreck and took off the men who elected to go.

Then the wreckers who had been put aboard were taken off by the crew of the I. J. Merritt and finally the captain and the rest of his men were removed.

It was 3:30 a. m. when the big tug Katherine Moran left Sandy Hook with the life saving crew aboard and towing the large surf boat. The wind was blowing 40 miles an hour and it took six hours for the tug, continually beaten back by huge combers, to reach the scene of the wreck. The Drumelzier was found lying on the beach about one-fourth of a mile from shore. She was listed about 60 degrees to starboard and the spray which dashed over the ship reached to her masthead. Great places were seen in the steamer's sides through which the waves rolled in relentless energy. The crew were huddled together, vainy trying to find a place of shelter from the fury of the sea.

BLACK IS OUT OF THE RACE.

Gov. Odell Declares in Favor of Depew's Re-election for Senator.

New York, Dec. 30.—The following statement was given out last night at republican headquarters in regard to the United States senatorship by Gov. Odell:

"As chairman of the republican state committee of New York state, after a long series of inquiries extending all over the state, I have reached the conclusion that party harmony will be best subserved by the re-election of Senator Depew. In the position which I occupy I am frequently called upon to pass upon the claims of friends and while my sympathy may be, as was the case in the present senatorial contest, with one stronger than the other, yet one must recognize the fact that personal interests must always be subservient to party success."

The purport of the announcement is that the candidacy of ex-Gov. Frank S. Black, of Troy, which has been warmly pressed by his friends during the past fortnight or more, is to be withdrawn and that the name of Senator Depew will be the only one presented to the caucus of republican legislators which will select the party's candidate for senator.

Late in the afternoon a letter was given out, addressed by Mr. Black himself to Senator Depew, in which the ex-governor withdraws his name from further consideration for the senatorship.

A Plum for Hampton Moore.

Washington, Dec. 30.—President Roosevelt has appointed J. Hampton Moore, of Philadelphia, chief of the bureau of manufactures of the department of commerce and labor. Mr. Moore is president of the National League of Republican Clubs and was formerly city treasurer of Philadelphia. He has accepted the appointment and will enter upon his duties about the first of the year.

China's Gift to President Francis.

St. Louis, Dec. 30.—Wong Kai Kah, imperial vice minister general from China to the world's fair, announced yesterday that his government had presented the Chinese world's fair pavilion, which was erected at a cost of $135,000, to David R. Francis, president of the exposition company.

Coal Boats Sank.

Pittsburg, Dec. 30.—The channel of the Ohio river was completely blocked and all coal shipments stopped after 5 o'clock Thursday afternoon by an accident to the tow of the Crescent, which sank four coal boats containing 100,000 bushels of coal at Merriman. The wreck is being dynamited.

Declared the Law to be O. K.

New York, Dec. 30.—Justice Olmstead handed down an opinion in the court of special sessions yesterday holding that the law against the selling or giving away of street railway transfers is constitutional.

OUR FARM PRODUCTS.

The Agricultural Department Gives an Estimate of the Value of the Principal Crops Produced This Year.

Washington, Dec. 29.—The following bulletin was issued by the agricultural department yesterday:

Final returns to the department of agriculture from regular and special correspondents, supplemented by reports of special field agents, show the production and value of the principal farm crops of the United States in 1904 to have been as follows:

Corn, 2,467,480,934 bushels, value $1,087,461,440.

Winter wheat, 332,935,346 bushels, value $325,611,373.

Spring wheat, 219,464,171 bushels, value $184,878,501.

Oats, 894,595,552 bushels, value $279,900,013.

Barley, 139,748,958 bushels, value $58,651,807.

Rye, 27,234,565 bushels, value $18,745,543.

Buckwheat, 15,008,336 bushels, value $9,330,768.

Flaxseed, 23,400,534 bushels, value $23,228,758.

Rice, 21,096,038 bushels, value $13,891,523.

Potatoes, 332,830,300 bushels, value $150,673,392.

Hay, 60,696,028 tons, value $529,107,625.

Tobacco, 660,460,739 pounds, value $53,382,959.

GOV. ALVA ADAMS' PETITION.

He Asks the Supreme Court to Appoint a Committee to Open All the Ballot-Boxes in Denver and Report as to the Alleged Frauds.

Denver, Col., Dec. 29.—Attorneys Charles S. Thomas and Samuel W. Belford filed a petition in the supreme court yesterday on behalf of Alva Adams, the democratic governor-elect, asking that either the court or a commission to be appointed by the court shall open all of the 214 ballot-boxes used in Denver at the late election and make a thorough examination of their contents.

Gov. Adams' petition charges that certain evilly disposed persons are using the supreme court as a cloak under which they may nullify the will of the people as constitutionally expressed at the polls. The petition insists that, however extensive the frauds perpetrated, the legal voters have a constitutional right to have their ballots counted and to that end every ballot-box in the city of Denver should be opened and scrutinized.

Both Must Hang.

Harrisburg, Pa., Dec. 29.—Gov. Pennypacker has fixed February 16 for the execution of Mrs. Kate Edwards, the Berks county murderess, and her negro accomplice, Samuel Greason. The woman's husband, John Edwards, was murdered nearly four years ago. The case has been before the pardon board repeatedly and was also before the supreme court. The legislature passed a bill at the last session which was intended to apply to this case, which permitted the courts to review newly discovered evidence on application for new trials in murder cases. Every effort, however, to free either the woman or her accomplice failed.

Two Swindlers are Sentenced.

Chicago, Dec. 30.—S. W. Jacobs and Charles J. Van Anden were yesterday sentenced to imprisonment on charges of using the mails to promote "wild cat" insurance deals. Jacobs was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary and fined $1,000, while Van Anden, because of his age and on account of some extenuating circumstances brought out during the trial, was sentenced to the house of correction for one year and fined $500. Jacobs and Van Anden were the promoters of several "wild cat" insurance companies and their victims were scattered all over the country.

A Queer Checker Match.

New York, Dec. 30.—Two Scotchmen, Wiliam Monroe and Alexander Sinclair, are playing a checker match on Ellis Island for admission to the United States. Between them they have $25 and they have been told that if either had that amount he would be admitted, otherwise both would be refused admission. They are members of a party of 15 converts to the missionaries of the Holy Ghost and Us society and they are bound for Shiloh Hill, Me., the headquarters of the sect. All members of the party will be returned to Glasgow on Saturday who cannot produce $25.

There Will be No Inquiry.

Philadelphia, Dec. 29.—There will be no hearing of the charges against Bishop Talbot, of the diocese of central Pennsylvania, by the court appointed by Bishop Tuttle, is the statement made by churchmen who are well posted in the laws of the Episcopal church. A complication has developed which they say will put a stop to the proceedings of the court of inquiry as now constituted. The trouble comes from a recent change in the canons of the church regarding the appointment of a court of that nature.

Carried Out Their Threat.

Aberdeen, S. D., Dec. 30.—The crowd of men who went from Selby to Bangor Tuesday night and carried off the county records and left word that they would return for the court house, kept their promise. The building has been torn down and piled on wagons and is being hauled to Selby in sections and rebuilt.

Died from Morphine Poisoning.

New York, Dec. 29.—Orestes A. Weed, said to be interested in the manufacture of gas meters at Boston, died at a hospital here yesterday of morphine poisoning. Weed and a companion named Benjamin J. Riley, of Hartford, Conn., were taken to the hospital from the Grand Union hotel. Both were suffering from the effects of the drug. Weed died without recovering consciousness. Riley was soon revived. He is detained in the prison ward of the hospital as a suspicious person. He says he and Weed entered into a suicide pact.

A SEVERE BLIZZARD

RAGED THROUGH TERRITORY LYING BETWEEN ROCKY MOUNTAINS AND GREAT LAKES.

RAILROADS AND TELEGRAPH LINES SEVERELY DAMAGED

Street Railways in the Cities of Kansas, Iowa, Nebraska and Missouri Forced to Suspend Operations Because of Snow Drifts.

Chicago, Dec. 28.—One of the most severe storms of recent years has raged through the territory lying between the Rocky Mountains and the Great Lakes since early Tuesday morning and caused much trouble to street cars, railroads and telegraph companies.

The latter were the greatest sufferers, for the blizzard which swept through the west and northwest during the last 24 hours was preceded by a heavy fog and drizzling rain which made the wires almost unworkable. Railroad trains were badly delayed all through the west.

In its extent the storm was the most widespread of any during the last 15 years. Counting the fog as a component part of the storm, it stretched clear from the Rocky Mountains to New York, and from Winnipeg to New Orleans. The fatalities reported as due to the storm were three men killed.

At 10 o'clock last night the storm was reported as subsiding at Kansas City and at other points on a north and south line from that city.

The storm extended from the middle of Missouri as far south as Indian Territory and was accompanied by high winds and snow which on the level would have been about one foot in depth. It was drifted so badly by the gale, however, that in nearly all the cities of Nebraska, Kansas and western Missouri street car traffic was at a standstill by noon.

The storm reached eastern Missouri by noon and the temperature in St. Louis went down 20 degrees in two hours, while the wind piled the snow up in the streets in great drifts.

At Omaha and Des Moines similar conditions were reported. All through western Iowa the storm raged with great fury. In the northwest the storm was even more violent than in Missouri and Iowa.

The storm struck Chicago shortly after noon and increased until it had assumed hurricane violence at 5:30 o'clock, when the wind tore through the streets at the rate of 72 miles an hour. It fell away after that and by 7 o'clock had dropped to 50 miles an hour, where it remained through the night, with occasional gusts that would bawl through the streets with the force of a cyclone, tearing down signs, smashing in plate glass windows and in many sections of the down town district hurling pedestrians from their feet and overturning wagons.

Reports from Wisconsin are that the storm was the most severe ever known in that section of the country. Damage in the city of Madison is estimated at $100,000.

In Indiana the damage was especially heavy in the oil fields, where fully 500 derricks were blown down and all operations suspended.

IS AN ILLEGAL MONOPOLY.

Attorney General Moody Seeks to Demolish the Western Combine of Paper Makers.

St. Paul, Minn., Dec. 28.—Attorney General Moody for the United States, through United States District Attorney Haupt and Frank B. Kellogg, and James M. Beck, special assistant attorney general of the United States, late yesterday afternoon filed a petition in the United States district court in which he makes the General Paper Co. as principal defendant and 25 paper and pulp manufacturing companies in Minnesota, Wisconsin and Michigan party defendants in a suit to enjoin them and restrain them from doing business through the General Paper Co as sales agent, in violation of the act of congress approved July 2, 1890, entitled an "Act to protect trade and commerce against unlawful restraints and monopolies."

The petition alleges that the defendants entered into an agreement to combine and control the sale of the product of the different companies through the General Paper Co., in that the General Paper Co. regulated prices, sales and shipment and territory for the sale of the same and after deducting operating expenses of the General Paper Co. divided the surplus among the members of the corporation.

The court is asked to declare the alleged combination unlawful and that the defendants be perpetually enjoined from doing any act in pursuance of the same; that the General Paper Co. be enjoined from acting as sales agent for the other defendants and that the latter be enjoined from continuing their arrangement with the General Paper Co. The court is also asked to direct the defendants to come into court and answer all questions relating to the allegations of the petition as may be necessary.

Midshipmen Had a Spree.

Annapolis, Md., Dec. 28.—The naval academy authorities discovered that preparations for the drinking of a large amount of intoxicants during the holidays had been made by some of the midshipmen, the liquor to be obtained through academy attendants. Watchmen were placed at the gates to inspect persons coming in and were successful in finding considerable quantities of liquor, which was confiscated. A quantity was smuggled in, however, and several banquets were interrupted. As a result the prison ship Santee is full of midshipmen.

The Proper Respect That Is Due the Profession of Law

By OLLIVER A. HARKER,
Dean of the College of Law, University of Illinois.

As a branch of social science law has been a most potent factor in promoting human welfare. Ever since the first promulgation of the principles which lie at the foundation of the system of jurisprudence which the people of this country and of England are enjoying to-day it has in large measure determined the growth of other branches of social science. It is through social relations in their larger sense that human advancement has been made possible, and it is law which makes possible permanent social relations. The best thought and the best effort of modern civilization have been devoted to its development and in the direction of its perfection.

For eight centuries of continuous growth the sages of the bench and wise legislators, with keen conception of private right and distributive justice, have given the best of their lives to its construction. And yet there are well meaning people who profess a contempt for the law, and, on an occasional miscarriage of justice in its administration, are quick to denounce it as utterly inadequate to effective justice between man and man. They lose sight of the fact that we live in security of rights of person and property because there is law; that because of its stable and beneficent principles and a general belief that when violated those principles will be vindicated we are permitted to enjoy the fruits of our labors.

There is another class of people who profess to recognize the rules of law as right and proper, but who consciously violate them. The violations are unusually those which affect property rights. They are prompted by personal greed and are by no means confined to acts of larceny and kindred offenses known to the criminal code. These men do not belong to what is popularly designated as the criminal class, but, excepting violence and intimidation, their acts are about as reprehensible as those of the footpad. They are men who own and control vast property interests; and when they complain, as they frequently do, that they cannot get justice in the courts because of the prejudices of juries they ought to remember that they are the ones who, in a large measure, have bred that prejudice in the jury.

There is another class who have no respect whatever for the law as it now exists and who refuse to recognize its rules as just and proper, so far, at least, as they relate to property rights. Confiscation is their chief tenet. Fortunately their number is small, and because of that and the abhorrent character of the doctrine taught their influence upon the general masses is limited.

I have mentioned the three principal classes who, aside from the real criminal, are lacking in respect for the law. They include the reformer, who believes the present order of things is all wrong and thinks that the proper way to bring humanity to an ideal existence is to clear away existing institutions and construct a jurisprudence on the lines of his fertile imagination; the "property grabber," who, while he professedly stands for the law, consciously violates the principles of right and justice which lie at its foundation; and the professed anarchist, who stands in defiance of all existing law and government. As compared with those who have high respect for the law and veneration for its principles their numbers are small. Fortunate, indeed, it is so. The recognition which the great mass of the common people in their daily intercourse constantly and involuntarily give to the law and its existing institutions is the safeguard of social peace. Social peace and security are necessary conditions to human advancement.

In times of peace the ordinary citizen, not the lawyer, nor the officer of the law—whose sworn duty it is to stand for the law and its execution—but the business man and laborer can furnish no higher proof of patriotism nor do more for the advancement and happiness of humanity than by teaching, by precept and example, high respect for the law and the means by which it may be vindicated.

When Marriage Fails

By T. P. O'CONNOR,
Member British Parliament.

Most of the men and women who find marriage a failure belong to that class of chronic malcontents who, as Socrates suggested, would have found celibacy a failure also had they remained bachelors and spinsters. "Socrates, would you advise me to marry?" asked a hesitating bachelor of the sage, who replied, "Whether you marry or remain unmarried you will repent it." Besides these chronic malcontents there are those who give less thought to the wearing qualities of the woman they choose for life than they would give to the choice of a pair of white kid gloves for a single evening's wear. "I chose my wife," says the Vicar of Wakefield, "as she did her wedding gown, not for a fine, glossy surface, but for such qualities as would wear well."

For those who choose a wife with an absolute disregard to the wearing qualities of the lady, the chances of happiness in marriage would be greater if, as Plato advised, their partners had been assigned to them by lot, or if, as Dr. Johnson suggested, their partners had been assigned to them by the lord chancellor. But is marriage generally for either sex a failure? If wives generally find it a failure, why should widows be proverbially eager to remarry? Is it, as Dr. Johnson cynically suggested, "the triumph of hope over experience?"

St. Jerome records the marriage of a widow to her twenty-second husband, who himself had buried 20 wives! A singularly fortunate pair from the point of view of that Irish farmer who thus proposed the health of a bride and bridegroom: "I rise to propose the health of the bride and bridegroom, and to wish them all the luck in the worruld; an' it's lucky I have been myself in the matther of women; I have buried three wives, glory be to God!"

The Gentleman's Magazine thus records a case that occurred in 1776 parallel to that which came into a London police court the other day of a woman husband. "For six and thirty years two women lived together by mutual consent as man and wife. They kept a public house at Poplar, and the 'wife,' when on her deathbed, told her relatives for the first time the facts concerning her marriage. Both women, it seems, had been crossed in love when young and had chosen this method to avoid further importunities." The Gentleman's Magazine goes on to say that a man who attempted to blackmail the "husband" under the threat of disclosing her sex was sentenced for this offense to stand three times in the pillory and to undergo four years' imprisonment. A year later, on July 5, 1777, a woman who married three women in succession, merely to rob them of their money and clothes, was sentenced to stand in the pillory and to undergo six months' imprisonment.

PROGRESS IN PHILIPPINES.

What Is Being Accomplished in the Education of Children of the Islands.

According to the report of David P. Barrows, general superintendent of education for the Philippines, there were, in March and April of this year, 227,600 children in the public schools of the islands. Of these, 220,000 were in some one of the three years of the primary course. As in all probability the great majority of these will not do more than finish these three years, says the Chicago Evening Post, it is interesting to note the sort of education they are receiving under the American administration.

In the first year of the primary course reading, writing, spelling, arithmetic and object work intended to cultivate the power of observation are the prescribed studies. In the second, these studies are continued with advanced apparatus.

In the third, geography is added, and there are courses in business, buying and selling, contracting loans, interest, security and commission, for the benefit of boys who cannot take the intermediate and secondary courses. Such boys are also to be organized into clubs, in which they are to be taught the rules and procedure governing the conduct of a meeting, the election of officers, the making of a motion, debate and voting.

Toward the close of the year the club will organize itself as a municipal government, and at each meeting there will be explained the municipal and provincial governments, the powers and duties of officers and the rights and duties of citizens.

The intermediate grades, three in number, bring the students to the science studies and prepare them for the secondary courses of the high schools, which fit the students for entrance into a college or university.

Mr. Barrows says that the number of pupils in the primary schools must be about doubled before the instruction is placed within the reach of every Filipino child between the ages of 6 and 14 years. That is, enough schoolhouses and teachers, school furniture and books to give continuous schooling to 400,000 children will be required. "If this standard can be reached and maintained for a period of ten years," continues Mr. Barrows, "we will, broadly speaking, have no illiterate youth among the Filipino people."

As this is a matter of the first importance in carrying out the purposes of the American people toward the Filipinos, the facts presented by Mr. Barrows and the recommendations accompanying them should receive the most earnest consideration of the government and the Philippine commissioners. Already the island schools are overcrowded and lacking in trained native teachers. To reach the standard and the capacity set by Mr. Barrows would require the doubling of appropriations for current educational expenses from both local and general insular sources.

Some way should be devised to meet this expense. Highly creditable work has been done thus far, and in the face of unusual difficulties. Each year now the task must grow lighter, the difficulties must grow less. The solution of most of the problems with which we have to deal in developing the Filipinos and their archipelago lies in the education of the Filipino children. The American public schools of the islands constitute the most useful and valuable agent in preparing the Filipinos for full self-government.

CURIOUS PENSION FIGURES

Three Relatives of Revolutionary War Heroes Still Supported by Uncle Sam.

Some of our pension statistics are curious. For example, we learn that there are still on the rolls three pensioners of the revolutionary war, which was brought to an end over 120 years ago. Of pensioners accredited to the war of 1812, says the Success Magazine, there still remain 919, while of the Mexican war no fewer than 13,055 survive. Of those accredited to the revolutionary war, one is a widow and two are daughters. The report shows that pension payments are made to people residing in every state and territory in the union, and in almost every known country on the globe. Among the states, Ohio leads in the amount of pension money paid annually to its citizens, with Pennsylvania second, New York third, and Illinois and Indiana following closely. At the date of the report, there were 4,910 pensioners residing outside of the United States, and they drew $722,440.69 in the last fiscal year. Nearly half of this amount went to persons in Canada. Quarterly pension vouchers were sent besides to persons in Mexico, South America, every country in Europe, the Azores, the Barbados, China, the Comoro Isles, East and South Africa, Samoa, the Seychelles islands, Siam and St. Martin. It shows that the pension bureau was a busy office last year. More than 268,000 cases were passed upon, and 153,000 certificates were issued. No fewer than 108,114 applications were rejected, of which 83,000 were thrown out on medical and 24,000 on legal grounds.

Young Porto Rican Gardeners.

By way of encouraging the young Porto Ricans to work, Dr. Lindsay, the United States commissioner of education for the island, has planned for every country schoolhouse to have an acre or two of land for gardening. The pupils are divided into two shifts, and while one set is studying reading, writing and arithmetic the other is learning the rudiments of practical gardening. Each school has two teachers, one for the ordinary educational branches and the other for the gardening.

BUDGET OF WAR NEWS.

WHAT THE JAPANESE AND RUSSIAN WARRIORS ARE DOING IN FAR EAST.

JAPANESE SUFFER A DISISTROUS DEFEAT.

London, Dec. 27.—The Daily Telegraph's correspondent at Che Foo says: "A messenger from Port Arthur describes a Japanese attack, the evening of December 22, with a light column of 5,000 and many machine guns on the northern defenses. They dashed along the railway, carried trench after trench and succeeded in reaching the water course beneath Payuisean mountain, whence the Russian artillery worked terrible execution. A fierce bayonet fight occurred at midnight. The Japanese, after a desperate struggle, retired to the north, leaving several machine guns, 300 rifles and 80 prisoners. It is estimated that they lost 600 killed."

—o—o—o—

BOMBARDMENT OF PORT ARTHUR CONTINUES.

Tokio, Dec. 29.—It is understood that the Japanese dynamiting and paralleling against the eastern section of the main circle of forts around Port Arthur is progressing favorably. The right wing of the besiegers continues a heavy and effective shelling of the new town preparatory to operations which are nearing completion.

Advices from Port Arthur confirm the report that Gen. Kondrachenko has been killed and that Gen. Stoessel has been injured by falling from his horse. Gen. Smilnoff is also reported wounded.

Che Foo, Dec. 29.—The rumor which has been in circulation for two weeks that several torpedo boat destroyers had escaped from Port Arthur and succeeded in reaching Vladivostok is denied by the officers of the British steamer Ellamy, which arrived here yesterday from Vladivostok. These officers say that the cruisers of the Vladivostok squadron—Rossia and Gromoboi—are in good shape.

Huanshan, Dec. 29.—Everything continues quiet along the front of the hostile armies. There is little expectation of a decisive movement till spring, when it will be possible for both sides to throw in strong reinforcements and recommence the campaign in earnest.

—o—o—o—

JAPANESE CAPTURED RIHLUNG FORT.

Headquarters of the Japanese Army Before Port Arthur via Fusan, Dec. 30.—Rihlung fort was captured at 3 o'clock Thursday morning with 1,000 Japanese casualties. Seven dynamite mines exploded at 10 o'clock Wednesday made breaches in the front wall through which a large body of Japanese troops charged under cover of a tremendous bombardment and captured the first line of light guns. A bitter fight resulted in the capture of the fort. The garrison, numbering 500 men, escaped.

Rihlung fort, situated on Rihlung Mountain, formed part of the inner circle of the chain of forts defending Port Arthur. Rihlung is situated about two miles from the outskirts of the town of Port Arthur, from which it bears due northeast. The fort just captured is a mile and a half southeast of Keekwan fort, recently captured by the Japanese. The possession of these two forts should make a most important breach in the fortifications of Port Arthur and cut off communication between the Golden Hill forts and the forts of the western section of the inner circle of fortifications.

Tokio, Dec. 30.—Army headquarters yesterday published a list of casualties, presumably at Port Arthur, showing that 49 officers from the rank of colonel downward were killed and that 58 from colonel downward were wounded.

The Extradition Warrant Is Issued.

Albany, N. Y., Dec. 29.—Gov. Odell's warrant for the extradition of Dr. Chadwick from New York to Ohio was mailed yesterday to Sheriff Barry, at police headquarters, New York City. Soon after the Cleveland sheriff left the executive chamber in the morning Judge Joyce, the governor's requisition clerk, got the governor on the telephone in New York and obtained his approval of the corrected requisition papers. The warrant was then issued and sent after the Ohio sheriff.

Czar Promises Reforms.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 27.—An imperial ukase issued last night makes decidedly liberal promises under a number of heads. It promises a full and equitable enforcement of existing laws; assures the zemstvos of the fullest possible measure of self-government and the enforcement of the laws now existing in their behalf; promulgates a scheme of workmen's insurance; extends the liberty of the press, and promises a full legal trial of all persons accused.

Arranging for Mrs. Chadwick's Bail.

Cleveland, Dec. 29.—Arrangements are being made for the release of Mrs. Chadwick on bond. Attorney Jay P. Dawley, who is her legal counsel, is reported to have under way the arrangements. The amount of the bond, which is said will be given, is $40,000.

Began to "Do Time" in Prison.

St. Louis, Dec. 28.—Thomas E. Barrett, ex-marshal of the St. Louis court of appeals; John P. Dolan, ex-chairman of the democratic city central committee, and Policeman Frank Garrett, convicted of naturalization frauds, whose ten days of grace expired Tuesday, surrendered to United States Marshal Morsey and were taken to the penitentiary at Jefferson City to begin their sentences.

Shoe Company Assigned.

Calais, Me., Dec. 28.—The St. Croix Shoe Co. has assigned for the benefit of creditors.

Business Cards.

W. W. GREEN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Emporium, Pa.
A business relating to estate, collections, real estates, Orphan's Court and general law business will receive prompt attention. 42-1y.

J. C. JOHNSON. J. P. McNARNEY
JOHNSON & McNARNEY,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
EMPORIUM, PA.
Will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to them. 16-1y.

MICHAEL BRENNAN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Collections promptly attended to. Real estate and pension claim agent,
35-1y. Emporium, Pa.

THOMAS WADDINGTON,
Emporium, Pa.,
CONTRACTOR FOR MASONRY AND STONE-CUTTING.
All orders in my line promptly executed. All kinds of building and cut-stone, supplied at low prices. Agent for marble or granite monuments. Lettering neatly done.

AMERICAN HOUSE,
East Emporium, Pa.
JOHN L. JOHNSON, Prop't
Having resumed proprietorship of this old and well established House I invite the patronage of the public. House newly furnished and thoroughly renovated. 48ly

F. D. LEET,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW and INSURANCE AG'T.
EMPORIUM, PA
To LAND OWNERS AND OTHERS IN CAMERON AND ADJOINING COUNTIES.
I have numerous calls for hemlock and hardwood timber lands, also stumpage &c., and parties desiring either to buy or sell will do well to call on me. F. D. LEET.

THE NOVELTY RESTAURANT,
(Opposite Post Office,)
Emporium, Pa.
WILLIAM McDONALD, Proprietor.
I take pleasure in informing the public that I have purchased the old and popular Novelty Restaurant, located on Fourth street. It will be my endeavor to serve the public in a manner that shall meet with their approbation. Give me a call. Meals and luncheon served at all hours no27-1yr Wm. McDONALD.

MAY GOULD,
TEACHER OF
PIANO, HARMONY AND THEORY
Also dealer in all the Popular Sheet Music,
Emporium, Pa.
Scholars taught either at my home on Sixth street or at the homes of the pupils. Out of town scholars will be given dates at my rooms in this place.

F. C. RIECK, D. D. S.,
DENTIST,
Office over Taggart's Drug Store, Emporium, Pa
Gas and other local anaesthetics administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
SPECIALTY:—Preservation of natural teeth, including Crown and Bridge Work.

PILES A cure guaranteed if you use RUDY'S PILE Suppository
D. Matt. Thompson, Supt. Graded Schools, Statesville, N. C., writes: "I can say they do all you claim for them." Dr. S. M. Devore, Raven Rock, W. Va., writes: "They give universal satisfaction." Dr. H. D. McGill, Clarksburg, Tenn., writes: "In a practice of 25 years, I have found no remedy to equal yours." Price, 50 CENTS. Samples Free. Sold by Druggists. MARTIN RUDY, LANCASTER, PA.
Sold in Emporium by L. Taggart and S. C. Dodson.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.

TIME TABLE No. 27.
COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY R. R.
Taking effect May 27th, 1901.

EASTWARD.

STATIONS.	10	8	4	6	2
	P. M.	.....	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.
Port Allegany, Lv.	3 15	.....	7 05	.....	11 38
Coleman,	*3 23	.....	○○	.....	*11 41
Burtville,	*3 30	.....	7 18	.....	11 47
Roulette,	3 40	.....	7 25	.....	11 55
Knowlton's,	*3 45	.....	○○	.....	*11 59
Mina,	3 59	.....	7 35	.....	12 05
Olmsted,	*4 05	.....	*7 38	.....	*12 09
Hammonds,	○○	.....	○○	.....	*12 18
Coudersport, Ar.	4 20	A. M.	7 45	.....	12 15
Coudersport, Lv.		6 10		6 00	1 00
North Coudersport,	.....	*6 15	.....	○○	*1 05
Frink's,	.....	6 23	.....	*6 10	*1 13
Colesburg,	.....	*6 40	.....	*6 17	1 20
Seven Bridges,	.....	*6 45	.....	*6 21	*1 24
Raymonds's,	.....	*7 00	.....	*6 30	1 35
Gold,	.....	7 05	.....	6 36	1 41
Newfield,	.....	○○	.....		1 45
Newfield Junction,	.....	7 37	.....	6 45	1 50
Perkins,	.....	*7 40	.....	*6 48	*1 53
Carpenter's,	.....	7 46	.....	○○	*1 57
Crowell's,	.....	7 50	.....	*6 53	*2 01
Ulysses, Ar.	.....	8 05	.....	7 05	2 10
	.....	A. M.	.....		P. M.

WESTWARD.

STATIONS.	1	5	3	
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	.....
Ulysses, Lv.	7 20	2 25	9 10	.....
Crowell's,	*7 27	*2 32	* 9 19	.....
Carpenter's,	○○	*2 34	* 9 22	.....
Perkins,	*7 32	*2 37	* 9 26	.....
Newfield Junction,	7 37	2 42	9 32	.....
Newfield,	*7 41	2 46	○○	.....
Gold,	7 44	2 49	9 40	.....
Raymond's,	*7 49	2 54	* 9 47	.....
Seven Bridges,	*8 01	*3 06	*10 02	.....
Colesburg,	*8 04	3 09	*10 10	.....
Frink's,	*8 12	*3 17	*10 20	.....
North Coudersport,	○○	*3 26	*10 35	.....
Coudersport, Ar.	8 25	3 30	10 45	.....
Coudersport, Lv.	8 28	6 00	P. M. 1 20	.....
Hammonds,	○○	○○	○○	.....
Olmsted,	*8 33	*6 05	*1 31	.....
Mina,	8 37	6 10	1 37	.....
Knowlton's,	○○	*6 17	○○	.....
Roulette,	8 47	6 21	1 51	.....
Burtville,	8 54	6 28	2 01	.....
Coleman,	○○	*6 34	○○	.....
Port Allegany,	9 08	6 40	2 25	.....

(*) Flag stations. (○○) Trains do not stop (†) Telegraph offices. Train Nos. 3 and 10 will carry passengers. Tains 8 and 10 do.

Trains run on Eastern Standard Time.

Connections—At Ulysses with Fall Brook R'y for points north and south. At B. & S. Junction with Buffalo & Susquehanna R. R. north for Wellsville, south for Galeton and Ansonia. At Port Allegany with W. N. Y. & P. R. R., north for Buffalo, Olean, Bradford and Smethport; south for Keating Summit, Austin, Emporium and Penn'a R. R., points.

B. A. McCLURE Gen'l Supt.
Coudersport, Pa.

The Place to Buy Cheap
—IS AT—
J. F. PARSONS'

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.

Foley's Kidney Cure
makes kidneys and bladder right.

BANNER SALVE
the most healing salve in the world.

POPULAR SCENIC ROUTE.

Buffalo & Susquehanna Railroad Company.

Official Condensed Time Table in Effect June 23, 1902.

Sunday Only	Week Days.					Daily	Week Days.			
P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	STATIONS.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
5 10		5 10	11 10	7 15	Lv.....Addison.....Ar	10 13	4 43			
5 41		5 41	11 41	8 01	.....Elkland.....	9 41	4 11			
5 46		5 46	11 46	8 06	.....Osceola.....	9 36	4 06			
5 55		5 55	11 55	8 22	.....Knoxville.....	9 26	3 56			
6 11		6 11	12 11	8 40	.....Westfield.....	9 13	3 43			
6 47		6 47	12 47	9 25	.....Gaines Junction.....	8 36	3 06			
7 00	5 00	7 00	1 00	9 49	Ar. Galeton, Lv.	8 23	2 53	5 35		
				10 20	Lv. Galeton, Ar.					
7 40	5 40	P. M.	P. M.	10 58	Ar.....Cross Fork Junction.....Lv	7 39	2 09	4 23		
	5 45	2 10		11 00	Lv. Cross Fork Junction Ar.	7 18	2 00	3 55		
	6 35	3 00		11 50	Ar. Cross Fork, Pa. Lv.	6 15	1 00	3 05		
8 24	6 24	P. M.	A. M.	11 39	Ar.....Wharton.....Lv.	6 53	1 26	3 10		
			8 05	11 40	Lv.....Wharton.....Ar	10 53		3 00		
		A. M.	8 58	1 00	Ar.....Sinnamahoning.....Lv	9 55		1 40		
8 45	6 43	8 00		11 58	Lv.....Austin.....Ar	6 35	1 05	9 50	8 00	
	7 10	8 45		12 25	Ar..... Keating Summit.....Lv		12 40	9 10	7 30	
P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	
			P. M.	A. M.						
						A. M.	P. M.			
			8 20	9 35	Lv.....Ansonia.....Ar	9 21	7 00			
			8 35	9 49	.....Manhatten.....	9 05	6 44			
			8 39	9 53	.....South Gaines.....	9 01	6 40			
			8 42	9 55	.....Gaines Junction.....	8 59	6 38			
			8 55	10 09	Ar.....Galeton.....Lv	8 45	6 25			
			P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.			
							P. M.			
			P. M.	A. M.						
			1 05	6 30	Lv.....Galeton.....Ar	10 10	4 55			
			1 24	6 47	.....Walton.....	9 51	4 39			
			1 50	7 13	.....Newfield Junction.....	9 27	4 15			
			2 06	7 30	.....West Bingham.....	9 09	4 01			
			2 18	7 41	.....Genesee.....	8 58	3 52			
			2 24	7 46	.....Shongo.....	8 53	3 47			
			2 46	8 06	Ar.....Wellsville.....Lv	8 30	3 30			
						A. M.	P. M.			

CONNECTIONS.
At Keating Summit with B. & A. V. Div. of Pennsylvania R. R.
At Ansonia with N. Y. C. & H. R. R. for all points north and south.
At Newfield Junction with C. & P. A. Ry., Union Station.
At Genesee with N. Y & Pa., Ry. Union Station.
At Addison with Erie R. R., Union Station.
At Wellsville with Erie R. R. for points east and west.
At Sinnamahoning with P. R. R.—P. & E. Div.

H. H. GARDINER, Gen'l Pass'r Agt. Buffalo, N.Y. W. C. PARK, Gen'l Supt., Galeton, Pa.
M. J. McMAHON, Div. Pass Ag't., Galeton, Pa.

C. G. SCHMIDT'S,
HEADQUARTERS FOR
Popular Bakery,
FRESH BREAD,
PIES,
FANCY CAKES,
ICE CREAM,
NUTS
CONFECTIONERY
Daily Delivery.
All orders given prompt and skillful attention.

WHEN IN DOUBT, TRY
STRONG AGAIN! Sexine Pills
They have stood the test of years and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicocele, Atrophy, &c. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked *permanently*. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price $1 per box, 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, $5.00. Send for free book. Address, PEAL MEDICINE Co., Cleveland, O.
For sale by R. C. Dodson, Druggist, Emporium, Pa.

Cameron County Press.

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD.

HENRY H. MULLIN,
Editor and Manager.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Per year.....$2 00
If paid is advance.....$1 50

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year or for six or three months are ow and uniform, and will be furnished on application

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2 00; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices ten cents per line for one insertion, five cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, ten cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business Cards, five lines or less, $5.00 per year over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising

No local inserted for less than 75 cts. per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete, and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW Printing.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

☞No advertisements will be accepted at less than the price for fifteen words.

☞Religious notices free.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, Dec. 31st, 1904.

Editor Press:—

A few of the members of the lower house of Congress who are interested in the administration of the Panama canal announce that they have studied out a way to reduce the number of the Canal Commissioners, and possibly to abolish the Commission altogether. They declare that they have a powerful ally in the President whose views regarding the commission have been considerably modified by the report of Col. Symons who states that after a visit to the Isthmus and a thorough examination of the conditions there he considered the system of administration awkward and inefficient. The law as it stands gives the commissioners practically continuous tenure. The right is reserved to the President to remove the Commissioners, and it is plain that he could reduce the Commission and refuse to appoint others in their place, but since it was the Senate which insisted on the commission and recommended the appointment of the officers it is not likely he will make use of this privilege. However the law for the administration of affairs in the canal strip expires at the close of the present session of Congress and members of the House, it is said, will take advantage of the necessity for re-enactment to urge a provision to extend the power of the chief engineer and to curtail that of the Commission. If the sentiment of the Senate should be too strongly opposed to this the whole subject could be thrown into conference for compromise. Col. Hepburn, chairman of the Inter state commerce committee is one of the most earnest advocates for a reorganization of the system of administering canal affairs, and is pretty solidly backed by his committee the members of which visited the Isthmus in a body last summer. The result of that visit was the unanimous opinion that Chief Engineer Wallace was the most competent man the Government had in its employ there and he should be given the fullest power possible in the conduct of affairs.

Among the recent callers at the White House was Representative Robert Hitt who would like to be the successor of General Porter as Ambassador to France. Mr. Hitt was first secretary of the American legation in Paris in 1874 and now that he has acquired wealth and honors in his own country he would like to return to the gay city. That its gayety makes an appeal is doubtful for Mr. Hitt has reached the uncertain age of seventy odd summers, and is in poor health. These disadvantages, it will be remembered, were urged against him last summer when his name was suggested for the Vice-Presidency. Mr. Thomas Walsh, the Colorado millionaire, has also been talked of as the next ambassador to France, where he made many friends by his lavish entertaining during the last exposition, but altogether the chances for the appointment are with George L. Meyer, of Massachusetts, now ambassador to Italy, who is a personal friend of the President. Either of these three men have the means to establish and maintain a fine establishment in Paris, where though the charm of social life is great the expense is greater and a fortune behind one's salary is necessary for the position.

Among the twenty-three Assistant Secretaries now in office the greater number served also under President McKinley and were of his selection. Of these, it is said, many will be retained for the President is averse to changing.

Most painters know
it doesn't pay them to mix their own paints. Thousands of them are making more money using

Lucas Paints
(Tinted Gloss)

Giving better satisfaction too.

Lucas Paints cover so grandly, look so fine, wear so well, that they please everybody. So does the price.

Ask your dealer.

John Lucas & Co
Philadelphia

Speedy Relief.

A salve that heals without a scar is DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. No remedy effects such speedy relief. It draws out inflammation, soothes, cools and heals all cuts, burns and bruises. A sure cure for Piles and skin diseases. DeWitt's is the only genuine Witch Hazel Salve. Beware of counterfeits they are dangerous. Sold by R. C. Dodson.

In the course of time the oldest inhabitant becomes a survivor.

No More Stomach Troubles.

All stomach trouble is removed by the use of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It gives the stomach perfect rest by digesting what you eat without the stomach's aid. The food builds up the body, the rest restores the stomach to health. You don't have to diet yourself when taking Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. J. D. Erskine, of Allenville, Mich., says, "I suffered Heartburn and Stomach trouble for some time. My sister-in-law has had the same trouble and was not able to eat for six weeks. She lived entirely on warm water. After taking two bottles of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure she was entirely cured. She now eats heartily and is in good health. I am glad to say Kodol gave me instant relief." Sold by R. C. Dodson.

Diplomacy is often a knife in the hands of the underhanded.

FOR SALE—One pair of work horses weight 1200 each, heavy wagon, harness and sleds will sell for $320.00. Inquire of

CHAS. BARR,
Emporium, Pa. 3t.

Warning.

All persons are hereby forbidden from trespassing upon the property of this Company without a permit from this office, or the Superintendant at the works.

KEYSTONE POWDER MFG. CO.
Emporium, Pa., August 1st, 1903.
24-tf.

Bargain in Books.

A complete set of Brittanica Encyclopaedia, consisting of thirty volumes and key. Are all new and in original packages. Will be sold at a bargain, Apply at PRESS office. 36tf

Card of Thanks.

At a meeting of W. C. No. 136, P. O. S. of A., held Jan. 2, 1905, at Sinnamahoning, the following resolution was adopted: "Resolved, that the Camp extends its thanks to the sisters of Camp No. 122, Patriotic Americans, to the Ladies Aid Society and to the community in general for their kind assistance in helping the Camp to make the supper held on New Year's Eve a success; that this resolution be spread upon the minutes and a copy be printed in the county papers.

E. L. TIMBAUGH, President.
NACE H. DRUM, Sec'y.

College of Music.

Parents desiring their children to have thorough instruction in music, and well cared for, can find no better place than at The College of Music at Freeburg, Snyder county, Pa. Pupils from ten years old and from the beginner to the advanced are admitted. Terms begin May 1, June 12 and July 24. For catalogue address

46-4t HENRY B. MOYER.

THE COUNTY.

STERLING RUN ITEMS.

Ask Ross how he likes Connecticut.

Sane is good at walking ties, "especially at night."

Mr. George Hulsenger, of Renovo, spent Sunday in town.

Miss Floss Bunce, of Emporium, spent Sunday with her parents,

Misses Floye and Nellie Whiting spent Monday at Emporium.

Mr. Ed, Whititing moved his family into their new couse last week.

Miss Jessie Card spent her vacation week with her parents in Emporium.

Miss Clara B. MacCloskey spent Christmas with friends in Renovo.

Miss Ximena Brooks, of Brookville, spent her vacation with her mother here.

Mr. James Furlong attended the New Year's Ball at Renovo, Monday evening.

Mr. Robert Whiting, of Richwood, West Va., spent Christmas with his parents.

Edward Whiting and Wellington Summerson spent Christmas with their families.

Mrs. Joseph Mason, and little son Percy, visited her parents at Emporium last week.

Mr. John Kissel visited his sister, Mrs. T. S. Fulton, at Sinnamahoning a few days last week.

Miss Grace Summerson and Jennie Anderson visited Miss Myrtle Zerbe at Driftwood last week.

X. X. X.

SIZERVILLE.

Editor Press:—

Happy New Year to all,

The water famine through this district has nearly subsided.

A little more of the "beautiful" is eagerly saught after by the log haulers, the Emporium Lumber Co., especially.

Grandma Lucore is biding her time with her danghter. Mrs. Wygant, who has a pleasant home for her mother.

Charles Weller wonders why dat great Mrs. Chadwick, did not take the Bankrupt act last summer already.

Farmer Howard, had a genuine wreck below Four Mile, last week, and it was not on the rail road either. It panned out lucky for the inmates of his palace milk car.

Our school re-opened again to day, the pupils having enjoyed a Holiday rest. They take up their studies again with renewed zeal. Their teacher endeavors to have the roll of honor large as possible the balance of the term.

Those who attended the Banquet, at the superb New Warner, on the 23 inst., speaks in highest terms of the grand affair, and bespeak high compliments of those having the arrangements in charge. Mine Hoste Wheeler demonstrated the nack of putting the right flavor in all the good things, placed before his guests.

AUREVOIR.

SINNAMAHONING.

Miss Bessie Walker visited Emporium Monday.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Smith, a daughter.

The log train is done hauling logs for the winter.

Winter is with us once more and lumbermen are busy.

M. Blodget is recovering from a severe attack of rheumatism.

Mrs. Phoebe Beldin went to the Lock Haven hospital last week.

The schools all started up Monday aiter the holiday vacation.

Barclay Bro's have a large number of teams hauling logs this week.

J. R. Batchelder has caught seven foxes and two wild cats this winter.

The masons completed the wall for the P. O. S. of A., building last Saturday.

J. R. Batchelder visited tho county seat last week to transact business for the camp.

Mr. Alpheus Wylie came down Monday to take charge of building the new Hall.

The New Year's Eve supper given by W. C. 136 P. O. S. of A., was a grand success.

J. R. Batchelder rented one of the safe deposit boxes of the First National Bank, Emporium, for W. C. 136 whilst in the city.

Dr. V. K. Corbett was at the supper Saturday evening. Ask eim about the turkey and oysters and other good things. The dinner set was drawn by Geo. P, Shafer. The prize for the brother who sold the most chances was won by M. N. Crum.

The net receipts of the supper on Saturday evening was $83.48 which was placed in the building fund. There was a large crowd of people at the new years eve supper and all report having a good time and a good supper.

DEBSE.

CAMERON.

Ed. McManus, son of Robert McManus, cut his foot quite badly Saturday p. m., while chopping in Square Timber Run. He was taken to his home Monday, Jan. 1st.

George Carter, of Emporium, is able to return to work again in Square Timber after a two weeks' illness.

J. C. Skillman is making a short visit to relatives in Coudersport.

J. F. S.

MASON HILL.

Mrs. C. W. Williams is on the sick list.

Mr. Simeon Robar was calling on the Hill Sunday.

Mr. Ralph Goodall was visiting B. F. Berfield over Sunday,

Mr. Dan Kilbourne of Huntley attended church here Sunday.

Miss Sterling, of Sterling Run, is nursing Mrs. W. E. Barr who is critically ill

Mr. Dell Marsh, of West Virginia, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. F. Marsh.

Messrs. Louis and Ray Jordan were transacting business in Driftwood on Saturday.

Miss Daisy Cornell came back on the Hill Sunday after a prolonged visit among Huntley friends.

Not having seen any news from this place for some time, I thought I would try my hand at writing some.

Mr. C. J. Miller, of Huntley, attended church here Sunday and took dinner at the home of Mrs. Nancy Lane.

Miss Ethel Barr, teacher of Castle Garden school, spent her week of vacation at the home of her mother, Mrs. Alzina Barr, returning to her duties Sunday.

Mrs. C. M. Bailey and two children Don and Helen returned last Wednesday from Rolfe where they were making a Christmas visit at their uncles.

SNOW BIRD.

Resolutions of Condolence.

In memory of our departed Sir Knight HENRY HOWLETT.

At the regular Review of Sterling Run Tent, No 55, K. O. T. M., a committee was appointed to draft resolutions of respect on the death of Sir Knight Henry Howlett.

WHEREAS, It has pleased Almighty God to remove from our midst Sir Knight Henry Howlett; therefore, be it

Resolved, That we bow in humbie submission to the whl of Almighty God who doeth all things wall, knowsng that our loss is his gain.

Resolved, That we extend to the family of our worthy Sir Knight our heartfelt sympathy in this the sad hour of their bereavement.

Resolved, That in respect to our departed Sir Knight the charter be draped in mourning for sixty days; that these resolntions be recorded on the minutes of our tent, and a copy be sent to the family of the deceased and published in the CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

W. M. SUMMERSON,
O. B. TANNER,
E. P. BROOKS.
Committee.

Tonic to the System.

For liver troubles and constipation there is nothing better than DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little Pills, They do not weaken the stomach. Their action upon the system is mild, pleasant and harmless. Bob. Moore, of LaFayette, Ind., says: No use talking, DeWitt's Little Early Risers do their work. All other pills, I have used gripe and make me sick in the stomach and never cured me. DeWitt's Little Early Risers proved to be the long sought relief. They are simply perfect." Persons traveling find Little Early Risers the most reliable remedy to carry with them. Sold by R. C. Dodson.

Great blessings are often held waiting or some small obedience.

Coughs and Colds.

All coughs, colds and pulmonary complaints that are curable are quickly cured by One Minute Cough Cure. Clears the phlegm, draws out inflamation and heals and soothes the affected parts, strengthens the lungs, wards off pneumonia. Harmless and pleasant to take. Sold by R. C. Dodson.

PISO'S CURE FOR
25 CTS. CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS 25 CTS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

Money to Loan
MORTGAGES ON FARMS
4 to 5 Per Cent.
TERM OF YEARS.
HENDERSON & CO.
1214 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
43-3m.

Bargains

Before buying elsewhere it will pay to get our prices. Bananas from 15c to 25c a dozen.

Home Made Sausage 10c.

Leave your orders for Ground Bone.

We do not handle anything but the best, and if you get anything here that is not right, bring it back and get your money.

Our Meat Department is first-class. We handle nothing but the best.

Do not forget the place.

GOODS DELIVERED PAOMPTLY.
'Phone 21.
G. H. GROSS & CO.

Womanly Health, Strength and Beauty

Strength and beauty in woman depend entirely upon her health. A woman cannot look her best if suffering from one or more of the many ailments peculiar to her sex. These ailments invariably cause, sooner or later, the loss of her symmetry of form and freshness of complexion.

AUNT DINAH'S OLD VIRGINIA
Herb Tea
Makes Strong and Beautiful Women.

It is a most pleasant and effective remedy for the troubles which cause so much suffering among women the world over. It relieves immediately and eventually cures all cases of disordered menstruation, female weakness, prolapsus, chronic constipation, sick head ache, nervousness and sleeplessness. These are the ailments which deprive a woman of her youth and beauty and make her old before her time. The use of the Herb Tea will enable her to retain these qualities. It clears the complexion and improves the form. A cupful at bed time will give a woman health and strength.

Chicago, April 19, 1903.

Hamlins Wizard Oil Co., Chicago, Ill.:

Gentlemen:—My wife had been suffering with female weakness and extreme nervousness which latter the physician who has been attending her for a long time attributed to her being unable to sleep. After tossing about all night she would invariably rise in the morning with a terrible headache. The doctor seemed to be able to do nothing for her and she was constantly getting worse. She decided to try your Herb Tea and drank a cupful before retiring. In the morning she arose after a good night's rest and without a headache for the first time in months. She has continued taking it during the past three months and has forgotten what a sleepless night means. She is feeling splendid and every one remarks how well she is looking. Her complexion is as clear as a young girl's and her figure has improved wonderfully. Yours truly,

N. R. TAYLOR,
5338 Cornell Av., Chicago.

Prepared by Hamlins Wizard Oil Co., Chicago. Price, 25c.

HAMLINS COUGH BALSAM
Soothes the Throat. Stops the Cough. 25c. and 50c.

HAMLINS BLOOD & LIVER PILLS
Act Gently and Without Pain. 25c.

FOR SALE AND RECOMMENDED BY
L TAGGART.

HUMPHREYS'
Specifics cure by acting directly on the *sick parts* without disturbing the rest of the system.

No. 1 for Fevers.
No. 2 " Worms.
No. 3 " Teething.
No. 4 " Diarrhea.
No. 7 " Coughs.
No. 8 " Neuralgia.
No. 9 " Headaches.
No. 10 " Dyspepsia.
No. 11 " Suppressed Periods.
No. 12 " Whites.
No. 13 " Croup.
No. 14 " The Skin.
No. 15 " Rheumatism.
No. 16 " Malaria,
No. 19 " Catarrh.
No. 20 " Whooping Cough.
No. 27 " The Kidneys.
No. 30 " The Bladder.
No. 77 " La Grippe.

In small bottles of pellets that fit the vest pocket. At Druggists or mailed, 25c. each.
☞ Medical Guide mailed free.
Humphreys' Med. Co., Cor. William & John Streets, New York.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.

Pleased Customers

Are our best advertisement. We make it a point to satisfy. If we have not just what you want, we'll get it for you. Our stock of

Hardware
—AND—
Supplies

Is extensive, large enough for almost any one; but you may want something special. You are then, the one we want to satisfy particularly. We know we can do it.

Hurteau & Forbes,
HARDWARE, PLUMBING AND TINNING.

Pleased and Satisfied Customers

OF ours are to be found in nearly every home in this county. You ought to be one of them! We carry the LARGEST and BEST stock of

FURNITURE

In this county. All made by SKILLED labor.

Our Bed-room Furniture

Was all made in 1904. CROSS BANDED VENEER and SOLID ends.

Steel beds from $4 to $23.50
Guaranteed against breaking
Mattresses from $1.25 to $15.00
Also guaranteed

Baldwin Refrigerators

Do refrigerate, and the price is within the reach of all . . . . . $5.00 UP

We have the best Go-Carts in town and challenge comparison. Quickest and handiest adjustment and prices no higher than low grade goods.

Lace Curtains from 60c per pair to $10.00.
Carpets from 15c per yard to $1.50.
Linoleums from 37½c per yard to $1.50.

All prices marked in plain figures are positively the lowest for the goods we offer.

Emporium Furniture Co.,
BERNARD EGAN, Manager.

UNDERTAKING

EMPORIUM
MILLING COMPANY.

PRICE LIST.

Emporium, Pa., December 20, 1904.

NEMOPHILA, per sack	$1 65
Felt's Fancy, "	1 75
Pet Grove, "	1 75
Graham, "	85
Rye "	75
Buckwheat, "	75
Patent Meal, "	50
Coarse Meal, per 100,	1 25
Chop Feed, "	1 25
Middlings, Fancy "	1 40
Bran,	1 25
Corn, per bushel,	70
White Oats, per bushel,	48
New Oats,	
Chicken Wheat,	1 65
Choice Clover Seed, Choice Timothy Seed, Choice Millet Seed, Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass,	At Market Prices.

R. C. DODSON,

—THE—

Druggist,

EMPORIUM, PA.

IS LOCATED IN THE CORNER STORE

At Fourth and Chestnut Sts..

R. C. DODSON.

Telephone, 19-2.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Contributions invited. That which you would like to see in this department, let us know by postal card or letter, personally.

F. S. Coppersmith visited his parents and friends at Freeport over Sunday last.

Fred Heilman spent Sunday at Portland Mills, guest of his brother and wife.

Mrs. A. E. Housler took her son Frank down east, on Monday to consult a physcian.

Miss Grace Lloyd returned to Williamsport Wednesday noon to resume her studies.

Mrs. Robt. House came down from Kane and visited her relatives here over Christmas.

Assessor Chas. L. Butler reports 26 more births in west ward during 1904 than the previous year.

W. M. Summerson and County Auditor Gordon Howlett, of Sterling Run were PRESS callers on Monday.

Mr. Gerald Wardle, of Chicago, has accepted a position with Climax Powder Co., at this place, in their office.

Miss Blanch Kline, who is attending Williamsport Commercial College, is visiting her parents and friends in town.

Frank Felt who has been attending Dickinson College, Carlisle, Pa., is visiting his parents and friends in town.

Fred Lloyd will return to Philadelphia next Sunday night. We understand this young man is making fine progress.

Miss Snedden, of Punxsutawney, Pa, formerly a popular teacher in our Borough schools, visited in Emporium the past week, meeting many of her old friends.

Wm. McGee, of Meshoppen, Pa, remembers the PRESS with $1.50. Mr. McGee is going to Camp Living Good, Arizona, for the benefit of his health, which the PRESS readers will regret to learn is very poor.

Miss Anna Johnson, of Farrandsville, Pa., is visiting her cousins, the Misses Ludlam, at this place. The lady was a PRESS visitor on Monday, accompanied by her cousin, Miss Elizabeth. Call again ladies.

Wm. Haist who has been in the employ of C. B. Howard Co., the past year left on Tuesday for DuBoistown, to spend the winter. Mr. Haist made the PRESS a short call before he left and the paper will follow him.

Mr. and Mrs. D R. Branson, of Du Bois, are visiting the latter's parents, A. A. McDonald and wife at this place. They expect to remain here some time. Miss Sara McDonald, who has been spending some time at DuBois returned home with her sister, but a little bird says she is 'going back soon.'

H. D. Burlingame and wife stopped in Emporium Dec. 23rd to attend the Masonic Banquet at New Warner and met many old friends, all of whom were pleased to see them again. Mr. Burlingame is agent for Danahy Packing Company of Buffalo, with offices at Altoona, where he has made many friends. We are pleased to know he is rapidly forging to the front.

A. P. VanGelder and wife are visiting relatives in N. J.

Mrs. Carrie Farley, East Fifth stree t is ill with pneumonia.

Mrs. Laura Bryan and daughter Miss Nina are visiting at Erie.

Prof. Daly and wife have returned from visiting at Bradford.

Augustus Nelson and family spent New Year day with Austin relatives.

Mrs. Frank Pearsall's mother, Mrs Cornelius, of Lewisburg, is visiting in town.

Miss Smith, of Driftwood, was guest of Chas. Diehl and wife during the Holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Wiley, of Galetor, passed the Holidays in Emporium and Williamsport.

Miss Mary Costley, of Kane, Pa., is the guest of Miss Teresa Ganey, on Maple street.

Misses Edna and Ellen Auchu visit their mother at Buffalo, last week, for two or three days.

John Orvis Hemphill spent Sunday with his girl in Buffalo. He is our champion ball tosser.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Gould, of Eldred, spent Holiday week in Emporium, guests of their sisters.

Miss Golda Lyon the PRESS stenographer, is confined to her home, having been sick since Christmas.

A telephone message from Buffalo, last night from Mr. Henry Auchu, reports his wife improving.

C. M. Wykoff, of Grove, was a PRESS caller this morning; also Postmaster T. M. Lewis, of Sterling Run.

Miss Ella Miller has returned from St. Louis, where she spent six mouths, and will remain in Emporium.

The Misses Leet, after a delightful visit with their parents, have returned to Willson College at Chambersburg.

Mr. and Mrs. B. W. Green attended the McCauley—Ousterhout reception and wedding at Ridgway yesterday.

Mr. O. S. Miller was called to his home on Mason Hill last week on account of the serious illness of a sister.

Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Bloom, of Buffalo, (formerly of Emporium) rejoice over the advent of their first child— a boy.

Miss Ettie Hitchcock, of New York, who has been guest of Mr. T. H. Norris and wife, returned on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. H H Cloyes and Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Moore spent several days at Buffalo last week taking in the sights.

Mrs. R. Seger and daughter Miss Ida, returned yesterday from visiting relatives in Washington and New York City.

Harry Hillyard and Bert Hillyard and wife passed Xmas season with "the old folks at home" at Watsontown.

Dr. Bisbort returned Monday from Phil'a, where he spent his holiday vacation with his sister and other friends.

Mr. Stahly, tonsorialist for Ed. Blinzler, has returned from his vacation spent in Buffalo with relatives and friends.

We noticed Mrs Flora T. Ryan, who has been visiting at White Haven, Pa, for some time, has returned to Emporium.

Mrs. L. T. Hackett and Mr. and Mrs. Witheral, of Buffalo visited their mother, Mrs. David Murray, in town over Sunday.

Mrs. Chester Potter, of Cameron, called at the PRESS office on Tuesday and sends the PRESS to her son L. F., at St. Marys for one year.

Mrs. J. B. Schriever and daughter, of Scranton, are visiting the former's parents, Mr. and Mr. Chas. Zarps and son Henry, in town this week.

Dr. and Mrs. Boardman and daughter, of Shenandoah, Pa., visited in town last week guests of Mr. and Mrs. William H. Howard, the lady being Mrs. Howard's sister.

Jas. L. Norie now goes up and down the hill like Maud S, and just as proud. It's a girl. We have them all around us now and after escaping for 21 years it commences to get rather serious.

Lee Welsh, accompanied by his wife and child visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Welsh, last week. Of course the highly elated grand-parents were pleased to see their first grand child.

Bowman B. Birchfield, of Clearfield, Pa., visited his uncle and cousins at this place last week—Sheriff Hemphill and sons. This was Mr. Birchfield's first visit to Emporium and he expressed himself greatly pleased with our town.

Thos. McGrain left this morning for Quebec, his native home to visit his parents. This is Mr. McGrain's first visit to his home in 22 years. Mr. McGrain is an industrious man and a good citizen.

Mrs. Editha Howard, accompanied by her son and daughter, Mr Godfrey and Miss Marcia, visited the former's mother, Mrs. M. A. Rockwell on Christmas day. Godfrey usually calls around to help us with our work but evidently was too busy this time.

Rev. J. M. Robertson, Rector of Emmanuel Church, Emporium, visited at Franklin, Pa., last week, guest of his popular brother, Major J. R. Robertson who is well and favorably known in this section. While in Franklin our Rev. friend attended consecration services of the new St. John's Church.

Chas. L. Butler and wife spent part of two days at the Connoly House, Port Allegany, last week, guests of their brother and wife, Mr. Jos. Butler, the proprietor of that popular house. Joe is a royal entertainer and thinks he can play "seven up." Better come over Joe—we can give you some pointers.

Judge Jerome B. Niles Dead.

The many admirers of Hon J. B. Niles, of Wellsboro, will be pained to here of his death, which took place Dec. 29th, 1904, at his home, Wellsboro, Pa. During the past two years, Gen'l Niles has been in poor health, yet hoped, as did is friends, to master his ailment. His death came suddenly. We knew, intimately, the deceased and respected him very highly, having been associated with him in legislative work He enjoyed the confidence and respect of all who knew him.

THE LATE JUDGE NILES.

Jerome B. Niles was born in Niles, Valley, Tioga county, Sept. 25, 1834. During his boyhood he worked on his father's farm, picking up what schooling he could get. Later he took an academic course and taught district school at Wellsboro for several terms.

ENTERED PUBLIC LIKE EARLY.

Having a decided leaning toward the law, young Niles became a student under H. W. Sherwood, and was admitted to the bar in 1861. The next year he served as message clerk in the Pennsylvania house of representatives. Returning from Harrisburg he was appointed mercantile appraiser of Tioga county, and in the fall of that year was elected district attorney. Serving with distinction as public prosecutor, Mr. Niles was re-elected district attorney in 1865. Meantime, he carried on an extensive private law practice as a partner of S. F. Wilson, of Wellsboro.

In 1868 he was elected a member of the state legislature. In 1872 he was chosen to represent his district in the convention that formulated the present constitution of Pennsylvania.

AUDITOR GENERAL

After being re-elected in the legislature in 1880 and 1882, Mr. Niles was elected auditor general of the state in 1883. He returned to the house of representatives for the sessions of 1890 and 1892. In 1901 he was elected judge of the Tioga county courts, succeeding Judge David Cameron.

Judge Niles is survived by his widow, two sons, Aaron, a lawyer, of Wellsboro, and Alfred J., a lawyer, of Pittsburg, and by one daughter, Mrs. Doumaux, of Rochester, N. Y.

The pastor of the Cameron Charge makes the following announcement for Sunday, January 8th: Preaching service at More Hill, 11 o'clock, a. m.; Howard, 3:00 p. m.; Beechwood, 7:30 in evening.

The Renovo News says Ed. Stahly has purchased Murry & Coppersmith's plumbing shop.

J. H. Mussina Gets a New Arm.

J. Harris Mussina arrived home from Philadelphia this morning via Renovo. Harris came up on the flyer but failed to awake from his peaceful slumber in the sleeper and was carried through to Renovo, returning on the morning train. Harris surprised his friends by carrying his satchel in his right hand and puffing a cigar, which he held in the fingers of his left hand, he having secured a new arm and hand while in the Quaker city. He has again been honored by the grand lodge of Masons by being re-appointed district deputy grand master.—Lock Haven Democrat, Dec. 29th.

Arrested for Breach of Trust.

On Wednesday evening a man named Joseph Clenson was arrested in Lock Haven on a warrant from Emporium, says the Express. He is charged with having appropriated for his own use a check for $158 00, which was given him to deposit in a bank. He was traced to that city and was arrested and held until the sheriff of Cameron county arrived and took him to Emporium, where he will have to face a charge of breach of trust.

Williamsport (Pa.) Commercial College.

Winter term begins Jan. 2, 1905. Students admitted any time. Low rates for board. Eighty-six calls for kookkeepers and stenographers in seventy school days. Personal and mail courses. Catalogue and first mail lesson free. 44-2t

WANTED—Girls to learn pants making. We will pay new beginners $3.00 per week while they learn. Experienced hands are earning $7.00 to $9.00 per week. Address,
Lycoming Pants Co.,
42-8t. Williamsport, Pa.

Resolutions of Condolence.

Whereas, death has again entered our Tent and removed from among us our Brother William T. Robinson. Therefore be it

Resolved, by Good Will Tent, No. 46, K. O. T. M., that we extend to his stricken wife and children our warmest sympathy in this their hour of deepest anguish. That our charter be draped for thirty days.

That these resolutions be published in the local papers, spread upon the minutes and a copy furnished to the family of our deceased brother.

F. H. PEARSALL,
G. S. ALLEN,
J. HOFFMAN,
Committee.

NEW YEAR GREETING.

DAY'S

THE SATISFACTORY STORE.

Looking Backward As we enter upon another year, we pause for a moment and look back over the one just closed.

1904! The best perhaps in our history. To all who have helped to make it so, Our thanks and to one and all a Happy New year.

Looking Forward, 1905, The new year will be better than any in the past, if we can make it so.

Our ambition is to make this better and better in every way. Success does not come by chance and we stand ready to earn it. Again our thanks and a Happy New year.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY
This Week

Navy Soup Beans, very fine for or baking, lb.	4C
California Ham, (trimmed shoulder), lb.	9C
Acme Soap, 5c cake Seven cakes for 25c.	4C
Banner Lye, 12c box 3 boxes for 25c.	10C
Columbia River Salmon, finest quality, flat cans. Two cans for 35c.	18C
25 Lb Bag Sugar, best granulated	$1.50

PRATTS FOODS.

Pratt's Food for Horses and cattle. A regulator tonic and conditioner.

Pratt's Animal Regulator.

Pratt's Food for Horses and Cattle, highly concentrated.

Pratt's Poultry Food, an egg producer, fattner and disease destroyer.

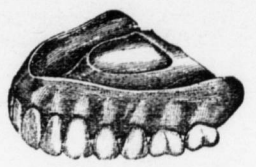
Pratt's Veterinary Colic Cure, One dose cures. Always keep a bottle in the stable.

Pratt's Heave, Cough and Cold Cure. Sure, safe, quick.

Pratt's Foods—The original Stock and Poultry Foods of America are best.

Phone 6. J. H. DAY.

F. M. ZELIE, D. D. S.
CRANE BLOCK, EMPORIUM, PA.



Artificial Teeth

Made upon Gold, Aluminum and Rubber Base.

GAS ADMINISTERED.

All Dental Operations carefully done. No charge for examination.

HOURS:—8:30 a. m. to 12 m., 1 to 5 p.m

NIGHT CALLS AT NEW WARNER.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between H. G. Tompkins, J. D. Bell and William H. Van Wert, under the firm name of H. G. Thompkins & Co., is dissolved, to take effect on the 31st day of December, 1904, by mutual consent, H. G. Tompkins is authorized to settle all debts due to and by the Company.

H. G. TOMPKINS,
JOHN D. BELL,
WM. H. VAN WERT.

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that a co-partnership has been entered into to take effect the 31st day of December, 1904, between H. G. Thompkins and Thomas H. Norris, under the firm name of Tompkins & Norris, for the purpose of conducting a general merchandise business. That they have this day purchased the stock of goods and good-will of the late partnership existing between H. G. Tompkins, J. D. Bell and William H. VanWert, doing business as H. G. Tompkins & Co. That the new firm will conduct the said mercantile business at the same place formerly occupied by the old firm.

H. G. TOMPKINS,
T. H. NORRIS.

ATTENTION BOYS.

Notice is hereby given to the boys who broke the windows in the basement of Plank Road Hollow School House that they are given until January 7th, 1905 to call upon the Board and settle damages. Otherwise warrants will be placed in the hands of the proper officers.

FRED K. ZIMMER, President.
ATTEST:—
DELBERT TOWNER, Sec'y. 42-3t.

ELECTION NOTICE

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
Emporium, Pa., Dec. 8th, 1904.

THE annual meeting of the stock-holders for the election of a Board of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may be laid before them, will be held at the Bank on Tuesday, January 10th, 1905, between the hours of one and three in the afternoon.

T. B. LLOYD, Cashier.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

CAME to the premises of the undersigned, on North Creek, four cattle—two mulley and two spotted—which the owner can have by calling and paying all expenses. Otherwise the cattle will be sold in accordance with the law.

M. E. TAYLOR,
Emporium, Pa.
Dec. 20th. 1904.—44-3t,

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.

Kodol DYSPEPSIA CURE

DIGESTS WHAT YOU EAT

The $1.00 bottle contains 2½ times the trial size, which sells for 50 cents.

PREPARED ONLY AT THE LABORATORY OF
E. C. DeWITT & COMPANY. CHICAGO. ILL.

Sold by R. C. Dodson, Druggist.

1905 1905

East Emporium's Cash Store.

Begin the New Year with a Clean Sweep.

WE WILL SELL FRIDAY, JAN. 6, 25C BROOMS FOR 20C; 35C BROOMS FOR 25C

Special Grocery Bargains,

Canned Tomatoes, 3 cans for 25c. Pure Leaf Lard 9c per pound

Other Groceries at Rock Bottom Prices.

We Must Reduce our Immense Stock of Dry Goods, Including Blankets, Comforts, Men's Wool and Heavy Cotton Underwear, Ladies Print Wrappers, Rich's Wool Over-shirts and Stockings, Rich's Flannel, Outing Flannel, all colors, plaids and stripes, worth 12 1-2c at 9 1-2c.

Look every week at this space for special bargains at

Tompkins & Norris' Cash Store.

Laughlin Fountain Pen

IS THE PEER OF ALL PENS AND HAS NO EQUAL ANYWHERE.

FINEST GRADE 14K. GOLD PEN

YOUR CHOICE OF THESE TWO POPULAR STYLES FOR ONLY

$1.00

SUPERIOR TO OTHER MAKES AT $3

The Laughlin Fountain Pen Holder is made of finest quality hard rubber, is fitted with highest grade, large size, 14k. gold pen, of any desired flexibility, and has the only perfect feeding device known. Either style, richly gold mounted, for presentation purposes, $1.50 extra.

Surely you will not be able to secure anything at three times the price that will give such continuous pleasure and service.

For Sale by

Harry S. Lloyd, Emporium, Pa.

OUR SERIAL.

BEGGAR AND KING.

Jewels have points that wound us; fortune has gyves that sting—
Better the dream of a beggar than the discontent of a king.

Asleep in the nodding grasses, the beggar he dreamed a dream:
His was a crown and scepter, rich in their jeweled gleam.
Purple and gold and ermine lent him their pride supreme.

Revel and rout and feasting centered about his throne;
Yeoman and slave and noble yielded to him alone;
Castle and field and forest—all of them were his own.

Waking, his dream was broken, as are the dreams of men;
Idly he thought upon it, laughed, and he murmured then:
"I may regain my kingdom, for I will dream again."

Fretting within his palace, there sat the king in thought;
Doubts of his sway assailed him, oft with his fears he fought—
Always, asleep or waking, he dreamed of a traitor's plot.

Kings they must sit and wonder; beggars may rove and sing—
Better the dreams of a beggar than the discontent of a king.
—W. D. N., in Chicago Daily Tribune.

D'ri and I

By IRVING BACHELLER

Author of "Eben Holden," "Darrel of the Blessed Isles," Etc.

(Copyright, 1901, by Lothrop Publishing Company.)

CHAPTER I.—Continued.

There were six more days of travel in that journey—travel so fraught with hardships, I wonder that some days we had the heart to press on. More than all, I wonder that the frail body of my mother was equal to it. But I am writing no vain record of endurance. I have written enough to suggest what moving meant in the wilderness. There is but one more color in the scenes of that journey. The fourth day after we left Chateaugay my grandmother fell ill and died suddenly there in the deep woods. We were far from any village, and sorrow slowed our steps. We pushed on, coming soon to a sawmill and a small settlement. They told us there was neither minister nor undertaker within 40 miles. My father and D'ri made the coffin of planed lumber, and lined it with deerskin, and dug the grave on top of a high hill. When all was ready, my father, who had always been much given to profanity, albeit I know he was a kindly and honest man with no irreverence in his heart, called D'ri aside.

"D'ri," said he, "ye 've alwus been more proper-spoken than I hev. Say a word o' prayer?"

"Don't much b'lieve I could," said he, thoughtfully. "I hev been t' meetin', but I hain't never been no great hand fer prayin'."

"'T would n't sound right nohow fer me t' pray," said my father, "I got s' kind o' rough when I was in the army."

"'Fraid it'll come a leetle unhandy fer me," said D'ri, with a look of embarrassment, "but I don't never shirk a tough job ef it hes t' be done."

Then he stepped forward, took off his faded hat, his brow wrinkling deep, and said, in a drawling preacher tone that had no sound of D'ri in it: "O God, tek care o' gran'ma. Help us t' go on careful an' when we 're riled, help us t' keep er mouths shet. O God, help the ol' cart, an' the ex in pertic'lar. An' don't be noway hard on us. Amen."

CHAPTER II.

June was half over when we came to our new home in the town of Madrid—then a home only for the foxes and the fowls of the air and their wild kin of the forest. The road ran through a little valley thick with timber and rock-bound within a mile of us, all comfortably settled in small log houses. For temporary use we built a rude bark shanty that had a partition of blankets, living in this primitive manner until my father and D'ri had felled the timber and built a log house. We brought flour from Malone—a dozen sacks or more—and while they were building I had to supply my mother with fish and game and berries for the table—a thing easy enough to do in that land of plenty. When the logs were cut and hewn I went away, horseback, to Canton for a jug of rum. I was all day and half the night going and coming, and fording the Grasse took me stirrups under.

Then the neighbors came to the raising—a jolly company that shouted "Hee, oh, hee!" as they lifted each heavy log to its place and grew noisier quaffing the odorous red rum, that had a mighty good look to me, although my father would not hear of my tasting it. When it was all over there was nothing to pay but our gratitude.

While they were building bunks I went off to sawmill with the oxen for boards and shingles. Then, shortly, we had a roof over us and floors to walk on and that luxury D'ri called a "pyaz," although it was not more than a mere shelf with a roof over it. We chinked the logs with moss and clay at first, putting up greased paper in the window spaces. For months we knew not the luxury of the glass pane.

That summer we "changed work" with the neighbors and after we had helped them awhile they turned to in the clearing of our farm. We felled the trees in long, bushy windrows, heaping them up with brush and small wood when the chopping was over. That done, we fired the rows, filling the deep of heaven with smoke, as it seemed to me, and lighting the night with great billows of flame.

By mid-autumn we had cleared to the stumps a strip half down the valley from our door. Then we turned to on the land of our neighbors, my time counting half, for I was sturdy and could swing the ax to a line, and felt a joy in seeing the chips fly. But my father kept an eye on me, and held me back as with a leash.

My mother was often sorely tried for the lack of things common as dirt these better days. Frequently our only baking-powder was white lye, made by dropping ash-cinders into water. Our cinders were made by letting the sap of green timber drip into hot ashes. Often deer's tallow, bear's grease, or raccoon's oil served for shortening, and the leaves of the wild raspberry for tea. Our neighbors went to mill at Canton—a journey of five days, going and coming, with an ox team, and beset with many difficulties. Then one of them hollowed the top of a stump for his mortar and tied his pestle to the bough of a tree. With a rope he drew the bough down, which, as it sprang back, lifted the pestle that ground his grain.

But money was the rarest of all things in our neighborhood those days. Pearlash, black-salts, West India pipe-staves and rafts of timber brought cash, but no other products of the early settler. Late that fall my mother gave a dance, a rude but hearty pleasuring that followed a long conference in which my father had a part. They all agreed to turn to, after snowfall, on the river-land, cut a raft of timber, and send it to Montreal in the spring. Our things had come, including D'ri's fiddle, so that we had chairs and bedsteads and other accessories of life not common among our neighbors. My mother had a few jewels and some fine old furniture that her father had given her—really beautiful things, I have since come to know—and she showed them to those simple folk with a mighty pride in her eyes.

Business over, D'ri took down his fiddle, that hung on the wall, and made the strings roar as he tuned them. Then he threw his long right leg over the other, and, as he drew the bow,

"MY MOTHER GAVE ME ALL THE SCHOOLING I HAD THAT WINTER."

his big foot began to pat the floor a good pace away. His chin lifted, his fingers flew, his bow quickened, the notes seemed to whirl and scurry, light-footed as a rout of fairies. Meanwhile the toe of his right boot counted the increasing tempo until it came up and down like a ratchet.

Darius Olin was mostly of a slow and sober manner. To cross his legs and feel a fiddle seemed to throw his heart open and put him in full gear. Then his thoughts were quick, his eyes merry, his heart was a fountain of joy. He would lean forward, swaying his head, and shouting "Yip!" as the bow hurried. D'ri was a hard-working man, but the feel of the fiddle warmed and limbered him from toe to finger. He was over-modest, making light of his skill if he ever spoke of it, and had no ear for a compliment. While our elders were dancing I and others of my age were playing games in the kitchen—kissing-games with a rush and tumble in them, puss-in-the-corner, hunt-the-squirrel, and the like. Even then I thought I was in love with pretty Rose Merriman. She would never let me kiss her, even though I had caught her and had the right.

My mother gave me all the schooling I had that winter. A year later they built a schoolhouse, not quite a mile away, where I found more fun than learning. After two years I shouldered my ax and went to the river-land with the choppers every winter morning.

My father was stronger than any of them except D'ri, who could drive his ax to the bit every blow, day after day. He had the strength of a giant, and no man I knew tried ever to cope with him. By the middle of May we began rolling in for the raft. As soon as they were floating, the logs were withed together and moored in sections. The bay became presently a quaking, redolent plain of timber.

When we started the raft, early in June, that summer of 1810, and worked it into the broad river with sweeps and poles, I was aboard with D'ri and six other men, bound for the big city of which I had heard so much. I was to visit the relatives of my mother and spend a year in the College de St. Pierre. We had a little frame house on a big platform, back of the middle section of the raft, with bunks in it, where we ate and slept and told stories. Lying on the platform there was a large flat stone that held our fires for both cooking and comfort. D'ri called me in the dusk of the early morning, the first night out, and said we were near the Sault. I got up, rubbed my eyes, and felt a mighty thrill as I heard the roar of the great rapids and the creaking withes, and felt the lift of the speeding waters. D'ri said they had broken the raft into three parts, ours being hindmost. The roaring grew louder, until my shout was as a whisper in a hurricane. The logs began to heave and fall, and waves came rushing through them. Sheets of spray shot skyward, coming down like a shower. We were shaken as by an earthquake in the rough water. Then the roar fell back of us, and the raft grew steady.

"Gin us a tough twist," said D'ri, shouting down at me—"kind uv a twist o' the bit 'n' a kick 'n the side."

It was coming daylight as we sailed into still water, and then D'ri put his hands to his mouth and hailed loudly, getting an answer out of the gloom ahead.

"Gol-dum ef it hain't the power uv a thousan' painters!" D'ri continued, laughing as he spoke. "Never see nothin' jump 'n' kick 'n spit like thet air, 'less it hed fur on—never 'n all my born days."

D'ri's sober face showed dimly now in the dawn. His hands were on his hips; his faded felt hat was tipped sideways. His boots and trousers were quarreling over that disputed territory between his knees and ankles. His boots had checked the invasion.

"Smooth water now," said he, thoughtfully. "Seems terribly still. Hain't a breath uv air stirrin'. Jerushy Jane Pepper! Wha' does thet mean?"

He stepped aside quickly as some bits of bark and a small bough of hemlock fell at our feet. Then a shower of pine needles came slowly down, scattering over us and hitting the timber with a faint hiss. Before we could look up a dry stick as long as a log fell rattling on the platform.

"Never seen no sech doin's afore," said D'ri, looking upward. "Things don't seem t' me t' be actin' eggzac'ly nat'ral—but jest es I'd like t' see 'em."

As the light came clearer, we saw clouds heaped black and blue over the tree-tops in the southwest. We stood a moment looking. The clouds were heaping higher, pulsing with light, roaring with thunder. What seemed to be a flock of pigeons rose suddenly above the far forest, and then fell as if they had all been shot. A gust of wind coasted down the still ether, fluttering like a rag and shaking out a few drops of rain.

"Look there!" I shouted, pointing aloft.

"Hark!" said D'ri, sharply, raising his hand of three fingers.

We could hear a far sound like that of a great wagon rumbling on a stony road.

"The Almighty's whippin' his hosses," said D'ri. "Looks es ef he was plungin' 'em through the woods 'way yender. Look a' thet air sky."

The cloud-masses were looming rapidly. They had a glow like that of copper.

"Tryin' to put a ruf on the world," my companion shouted. "Swingin' ther hammers hard on the rivets."

A little peak of green vapor showed above the sky-line. It loomed high as we looked. It grew into a lofty column, reeling far above the forest. Below it we could see a mighy heaving in the tree-tops. Something like an immense bird was hurtling and pirouetting in the air above them. The tower of green looked now like a great flaring bucket hooped with fire and overflowing with darkness. Our ears were full of a mighy voice out of the heavens. A wind came roaring down some tideway of the air like water in a flume. It seemed to tap the sky. Before I could gather my thoughts we were in a torrent of rushing air, and the raft had begun to heave and toss. I felt D'ri take my hand in his. I could just see his face, for the morning had turned dark suddenly. His lips were moving, but I could hear nothing he said. Then he lay flat, pulling me down. Above and around all the noises that ever came to the ear of man—the beating of drums, the bellowing of cattle, the crash of falling trees, the shriek of women, the rattle of machinery, the roar of waters, the crack of rifles, the blowing of trumpets, the braying of asses, and sounds of the like of which I had never heard and pray God I may not hear again, one and then another dominating the mighty chorus. Behind us, in the gloom, I could see, or thought I could see, the reeling mass of green ploughing the water, like a ship with chains of gold flashing over bulwarks of fire. In a moment something happened of which I have never had any definite notion. I felt the strong arm of D'ri clasping me tightly. I heard the thump and roll and rattle of logs heaping above us; I felt the water washing over me; but I could see nothing. I knew the raft had doubled; it would fall and grind our bones: but I made no effort to save myself. And thinking how helpless I felt is the last I remember of the great windfall of June 3, 1810, the path of which may be seen now, 50 years after that memorable day, and I suppose it will be visible long after my bones have crumbled. I thought I had been sleeping when I came to; at least, I had dreamed. I was in some place where it was dark and still. I could hear nothing but the drip of water; I could feel the arm of D'ri about me, and I called to him, and then I felt him stir.

"Thet you, Ray?" said he, lifting his head.

"Yes," I answered. "Where are we?"

"Judas Priest! I ain' no idee. Jes' woke up. Been a-layin' here tryin' t' think. Ye hurt?"

"Guess not," said I.

"Ain't ye got no pains or aches nowhere 'n yer body?"

"Head aches a little," said I.

He rose to his elbow, and made a light with his flint and tinder, and looked at me.

"Got a goose-egg on yer for'ard," said he, and then I saw there was blood on his face.

"Ef it hed n't been fer the withes they 'd 'a' ground us t' powder."

We were lying alongside the little house, and the logs were leaning to it above us.

"Jerushy Jane Pepper!" D'ri exclaimed, rising to his kness. "'S whut I call a twister."

He began to whittle a piece of the splintered platform. Then he lit a shaving.

"They 's ground here," said he, as he began to kindle a fire, "ground a-plenty right under us."

The firelight gave us a good look at our cave under the logs. It was about 10 feet long and probably as high. The logs had crashed through the side of the house in one or two places, and its roof was a wreck.

"Hungry?" said D'ri, as he broke a piece of board on his knee.

"Yes," I answered.

"So 'm I," said he, "hungrier 'n a she-wolf. They's some bread 'n' ven'son there 'n the house; we better try t' git 'em."

An opening under the logs let me around the house corner to its door. I was able to work my way through the latter, although it was choked with heavy timbers. Inside I could hear the wash of the river, and through its shattered window on the farther wall I could see between the heaped logs a glow of sunlit water. I handed our ax through a break in the wall, and then D'ri cut away some of the baseboards and joined me. We had our meal cooking in a few minutes—our dinner, really, for D'ri said it was near noon. Having eaten, we crawled out of the window, and then D'ri began to pry the logs apart.

"Ain't much 'fraid o' their tumblin' on us," said he. "They 're withed so they 'll stick together."

We got to another cave under the logs, at the water's edge, after an hour of crawling and prying. A side of the raft was in the water.

"Got t' dive,' said D'ri, "an' swim fer daylight."

A long swim it was, but we came up in clear water badly out of breath. We swam around the timber, scrambling over a dead cow, and up-shore. The ruined raft was torn and tumbled into a very mountain of logs at the edge of the water. The sun was shining clear, and the air was still. Limbs of trees, bits of torn cloth, a broken hay-rake, fragments of wool, a wagon-wheel, and two dead sheep were scattered along the shore. Where we had seen the whirlwind coming, the sky was clear, and beneath it was a great gap in the woods, with ragged walls of evergreen. Here and there in the gap a stub was standing, trunk and limbs naked.

"Jerushy Jane Pepper!" D'ri exclaimed, with a pause after each word. "It 's cut a swath wider 'n this river. Don't b'lieve a mouse could 'a' lived where the timber 's down over there."

Our sweepers and the other sections of the raft were nowhere in sight.

[To Be Continued.]

Where the Snob Made a Mistake.

"Abroad one meets a good many snobs among travelers," said a Philadelphia man who has just returned from Europe. "Here is an example:

"In England with a party of tourists, I visited a noted castle belonging to a well known peer. We were all strangers to the castle's noble owner, but there was one among us who didn't care to admit the fact. He was a fat, pompous man of about middle age and because none of us knew him he tried to impress us with his social importance. So he said to the housekeeper who was our guide:

"'How's the Duke?'

"'Very well, sir, thank you,' she replied.

"'Is Lady Gertrude also well?'

"'Very well, thank you.'

"'And the Duchess?' continued the pompous fellow.

"'The Duchess,' said the housekeeper, 'has been dead for 25 years.'"
—Philadelphia Press.

Need for Haste.

In a Massachusetts seaport town many stories are still told of an eccentric old man who was a conspicuous figure in its streets 30 years ago.

Not many years before he died he married a young wife, who was a constant surprise to him. One day an old friend met him hurrying along the main street of the town, one arm held out stiffly in front of him and carrying a white paper parcel.

"Don't touch me and don't detain me!" he cried, as his friend approached.

"What in the world is the matter?" asked the other. "Anybody sick up at your house?"

"Nobody's sick," answered the old man, over his shoulder, "but I'm fetching home a new bunnit for my wife, and I want to get there before the styles change."—Youth's Companion.

Devouring the Bouquet.

A short time ago a traveler entered a restaurant in Dublin to partake of lunch. He took a seat at a table, and opposite him sat two young Irishmen. In the center of the table stood a nicely-arranged glass of celery, and at the end of his meal he helped himself freely to it, when he noticed one of the youths opposite looking at him very suspiciously, and overheard him whisper to his mate: "Look, Moike, he's afther eating the flowers."—Tit-Bits.

An Extinguisher.

Gusher—She told me I was the light of her life.

Flusher—Well, that was encouraging.

"Yes, but her father happened along just then and put the light out."—Washington Star.

Who is Your Clothier?

If it's R. SEGER & CO,. you are getting the right kind of merchandise. There is no small or grand deception practiced in their store. Sustained success demonstrates that there is "growth in truth" in the retailing of

NEW AND UP-TO-DATE CLOTHING AT POPULAR PRICES.

R. SEGER & CO.

Good Cedar Shingles

WILL KEEP OUT THE RAIN. WE HAVE THEM IN ALL GRADES.

C. B. HOWARD & CO.

34tf

LOOK ELSEWHERE BUT DON'T FORGET THESE PRICES AND FACTS AT

LaBAR'S

$30 Bedroom Suits, solid oak at $25
$28 Bedroom Suits, solid oak at $21
$25 Bedroom Suits, solid oak at $20
A large line of Dressers from $8 up.

$40 Sideboard, quartered oak, ... $30
$32 Sideboard, quartered oak, ... $25
$22 Sideboard, quartered oak, ... $16
Chiffioniers of all kinds and prices.

We carry in stock the largest line of Carpets Linoleums and Mattings of all kinds ever brought to Emporium. Also a big line of samples.

A very large line of Lace Curtains that cannot be matched anywhere for the price.

Art Squares and Rugs of all sizes and kind, from the cheapest to the best.

Dining Chairs, Rockers and High Chairs.

A large and elegant line of Tufted and Drop-head Couches. Beauties and at bargain prices.

The finest line of Sewing Machines on the market, the "Domestic" and "Eldredge". All drop heads and warranted.

A fine line of Dishes, common grade and China, in sets and by the piece.

As I keep a full line of everything that goes to make up a good Furniture store, it is useless to enumerate them all.

Please call and see for yourself that I am telling you the truth, and if you don't buy, there is no harm done, as it is no trouble to show goods.

GEO. J. LaBAR.

We promptly obtain U. S. and Foreign PATENTS

Send model, sketch or photo of invention for free report on patentability. For free book, How to Secure Patents and TRADE-MARKS write to

C. A. SNOW & CO.

OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE WASHINGTON, D. C.

Madam French Female Pills. Dean's

A safe, certain relief for Suppressed Menstruation. Never known to fail. Safe! Sure! Speedy! Satisfaction Guaranteed or money Refunded. Sent prepaid for $1.00 per box. Will send them on trial, to be paid for when relieved. Samples Free.

UNITED MEDICAL CO., Box 74, LANCASTER, PA.

Sold in Emporium by L. Taggart and R. C. Dodson.

EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable monthly regulating medicine.

DR. PEAL'S PENNYROYAL PILLS,

Are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. $1.00 per box.

Sold by R. C. Dodson, druggist

SCHMELZ & CO.'S

Sluice Pipe.

IMPROVE YOUR ROADS with STEEL and WOOD SLUICING

The Steel pipe is made of cold rolled, heavy sheet steel, riveted so at to leave it smooth inside. The pipe is covered with a preparation that makes it rust proof. The wood pipe is made of staves matched and grooved, bound with heavy iron bands, treated chemically against rust and coated with a preparation that will stand climate and will practically exclude moisture. The entire length is of even diameter. Obstructions will not lodge in it. Manufactured in all sizes up to SIXTY INCHES.

Write for catalogue and prices, or a postal card will bring to you a representative with samples of our goods.

What are Sluice Pipes Used For?

They are used on roads and highways to convey water under the road bed from streams and ditches to keep the road bed dry and prevent washouts in heavy rains and showers.

Schmelz & Co.,

Coudersport, Pa.

BOOKS AND SUCCESS

HABIT OF MUCH SUPERFICIAL READING LEADS TO HALF DOING OTHER THINGS.

Impairs Mental Power—Great Thinkers Always Thorough Readers —Macaulay's Rule for Concentration.

By Dr. Orison Swett Marden.

(Editor Success Magazine, New York.)

"BEWARE of the man of one book," said Dr. Johnson. "Beware of the man who knows one thing well. He is a dangerous antagonist."

Thoroughness is the foundation of worthy achievement in any direction. In reading it is foundation, solid contents, apex—eveything.

A smattering of books, no matter how extensive, will never strengthen the intellect or enlarge the mind. The mere book taster is as ignorant of literature, as unappreciative of the true riches of books as the globe trotter is of the countries through which he rushes, merely to be able to say that he has been in them.

Mental Dissipation.

Life may be crippled by a habit of superficial or desultory reading, for such reading weakens the mind, impairs the memory, undermines the powers of application and persistence, and destroys that desire for completeness, for wholeness of life, which is the crown of character.

People who read with half a mind, who turn from one book to another, skimming here and there, and not reading any thoroughly or to the close, will soon begin to half do other things or leave them unfinished. The habit will manifest itself in every phase of their lives.

The temptation to reading of this kind is greatly increased by the enormous recent multiplication of literature, and is a menace to depth of culture, especially to dwellers in cities. Anxious to be able to say that they have read the latest "best-selling books of the month," and desirous of being regarded as aufait in literary matters, many people are silly enough to try to skim through a hundred books and magazines in a month, without any effort or wish to appropriate and make their own the thoughts they contain—that is any of them that contain a thought worth remembering, which cannot be said of many of our "best-selling books."

This is the worst sort of mental dissipation and the most pernicious in its results. It is the kind of "multifarious reading" which Rev. F. W. Robertson says "weakens the mind more than doing nothing, for it becomes a necessity at last, like smoking, and is an excuse for the mind to lie dormant while thought is poured in, and runs through a clear stream, over unproductive gravel, on which not even mosses grow."

No superficial reader ever became an exact or great scholar or an authority on any subject. No matter how many school and college diplomas you may hold, if you are not educated, for it is thoroughness in reading that gives breadth and solidity to education, as it is thoroughness in work that gives strength and stability to character.

Desultory Reading Bad.

One good book thoroughly read, digested and assimilated until it becomes, like the iron atoms in our blood, a part of ourselves, is worth more to a reader than the thoughtless skimming over of thousands of volumes.

Edward Everett Hale says that if a person will take up some subject and study it thoroughly he will have a better knowledge of it in one month than anyone else but a specialist. So, if you absorb and make apart of your life a few great books, instead of squandering your time and demoralizing your mental faculties by attempting to swallow, without digesting, every volume that comes in your way, you will be a better read man or woman than any but a specialist in literature.

Probably not one reader in a hundred to-day could give an intelligent synopsis of a book he has just read. The matter lies a confused heap, and undefined, nebulous mass in his mind.

Whatever is taken into the mental chamber, without any attempt at classification or systematic arrangement, merely induces mental dyspepsia. After a while the mind becomes so clogged with unassimilated material that it is unable to act with quickness or certainty It losses confidence and elasticity. The very power to think actively and definitely is destroyed by the habit of superficial reading.

It is to many an unpleasant task, after reading a book or listening to a sermon of lecture, to write out an analysis of it. But it is by the expercise of such painstaking thoroughness that the Websters, the Choates, the Lincolns, the Clays and the Gladstones are made.

Make Notes as You Read.

Those who have gotten the most out of books have not only read and re-read them with eager, absorbing attention, but have also made copious notes on the margins, on the fly-leaves, between the lines, or else in notebooks kept for the purpose.

Of course it is troublesome, and sometimes inconvenient, to stop reading to make notes, but it is the price famous writers, orators and scholars have paid for their accumulated knowledge.

The libraries of many great men show that their books were their quarries, their reservoirs of thought, their material for future use, for they are full of notes, and in some cases blank leaves have been inserted for remarks, suggestions and criticisms.

Much of what we admire as unusual talent is but an infinite capacity for taking pains, and most of us, by taking pains with our reading, as well as with other things, could double and treble our power and usefulness.

Taking copious notes, reading and rereading, with a mind entirely free from distracting cares or thoughts, never leaving an obscure passage until it has become perfectly clear, never passing a word whose meaning or pronunciation we do not know without consulting a dictionary, and if possible, committing some of the finest passages to memory—this is the only way to read with profit.

Many will object that such a method would take too much time. But even the most brilliant intellects found no short cut to knowledge by reading.

Franklin advised everybody to read with a pen in hand and to make notes of all they read. Joseph Cook also advised all young men and women to keep commonplace books and make notes of their reading.

Macaulay's Rule.

Henry Ward Beecher, in the course of a conversation on reading, said: "The great point is to read nothing without reflection. Dr. Macaulay, who used to preach in New York, told me that when a boy at college he began to read enthusiastically, but that at the foot of every page he read he stopped and obliged himself to give an account of what he had read on that page. At first he had to read it three or four times before he got his mind firmly fixed. But he rigorously compelled himself to conform to the process, until now, he says, after he has read a book through once, he can almost recite it from beginning to end. It is a very simple habit to form early in life, and is invaluable for acquiring accuracy and thorough knowledge of the material with which a man has to deal."

It is recorded that Macaulay, the great English historian and essayist, adopted a similar plan of reading in his youth.

Harriet Martineau said of herself: "I am the slowest of readers—sometimes a page an hour is all I read."

"I never knew but one or two fast readers, or readers of many books, whose knowledge was worth anything," observes Rev. F. W. Robertson. "I read hard or not at all, never skimming, never turning aside to merely inviting books; and the thoughts of Plato, Aristotle, Thucydides, Sterne and Jonathan Edwards have passed, like the iron atoms of the blood, into my mental constitution."

"My mother compelled me to learn, by daily toil, long chapters of the Bible by heart," says Ruskin, "and to his discipline I owe not only my knowledge of this work, but also much of my general power for taking pains and the best part of my taste in literature."

If men and women whose intellectual pre-eminence has made them guideposts for future generations, had to be so patient and laborious in forming correct reading habits, can the average boy or girl of the twentieth century afford to take less pains?

Wealth of Reading a Snare.

The fact that the majority of people to-day are less thorough in their reading than were their grandfathers and grandmothers is largely owing to the bewildering mass of books, magazines and newspapers at their command in libraries, clubs and reading rooms, and to be obtained for a few cents at book stalls, or in department stores.

We usually appreciate advantages according to the difficulty of obtaining them, and it frequently happens that it is not the boy who is brought up in an atmosphere of books, who has easy access to immense libraries and reading rooms, and who has perhaps a score of magazines coming to his home each month, who gains most from his opportunities. How often is it the country lad, to whom books are a luxury, who may never have seen a library, but who devours the few volumes he can borrow as if he would never see them again, who is heard from in after life. Lincoln got more real good out of the half dozen books to which he had access as a youth than many a modern boy ever gets out of the great city libraries and reading rooms which are constantly open to him.

Busy people complain that they have not time to read carefully, that their reading must be done "on the fly," on the trains, on cars or ferryboats, or on their way to and from store or office, or not at all. Others say that they cannot reserve any special time for reading, and that it is impossible, in the midst of household duties or other distractions, to seize odd intervals of leisure and read connectedly or with any degree of profit.

All May Have Culture.

It is not necessary to have a prescribed time for reading, or a certain number of hours a day to devote to it in order to become well read. If the habit of concentration has been fixed in boyhood and girlhood we can read to advantage, no matter what our environment or how limited or broken the time at our disposal. It would, of course, be greatly in our favor to have an hour or two each day which we could count upon absolutely for mental culture. But because we have not is no reason why we should not be cultured if we desire to be. If the desire be there we will make the most of our opportunities, as did Elihu Burritt, the "learned blacksmith," who acquired many languages and solved difficult mathematical problems during the pauses of his work at the forge.

Examples are not wanting to show us what may be done by the earnest-minded.

Standing in line with his fellow errand boys at the post office in Amsterdam, the eminent Greek explorer, Dr. Schliemann, with open book in hand, utilized the moments of waiting in laying the foundations of his future greatness.

Amid the constant distractions of household cares, which were never neglected, Mary Somerville completed her "Mechanism of the Heavens," which gave her rank as one of the foremost scientists of her day.

It is not lack of time or opportunity, so much as lack of heart and earnestness, that prevents most of us from becoming well-informed readers.

If, like Robert Louis Stevenson, one constantly carries a notebook and pencil in one pocket and a book in another; and if, like Gladstone, always is prepared to turn to account the moments while waiting for a train, a car or a ferryboat, he will not only find time to read, but will also read with profit.

(Copyright, 1903, By Joseph B. Bowles.)

THE MAKING OF MAGAZINES

Marvelous Facts Regarding This Branch of the Publishing Business in the United States.

In the United States there are to-day 2,838 monthly magazines.

About 50,000,000 are sold every month, says Woman's Home Companion.

The advertisements amount to about $30,000,000 a year.

The sales amount to $75,000,000.

In one year the average American family buys 40 magazines.

The paper used to print these magazines weighs 125,000,000 pounds.

About 40,000 people are professional magazine makers.

Nearly 200,000 people are supported by the magazine business.

Such is the fairy-like tale of American progress in the line of magazine making. All the daily and weekly papers of Asia scarcely equal the monthly magazines of this country. To compare the United States with Europe, our magazines equal the number of newspapers in Russia, Spain, Greece, Belgium and Holland combined.

It is not possible to realize what the above figures mean without taking a few comparisons. The magazine business has become so enormous that its statistics convey no clear idea to our minds. We must call in the aid of imagination and transform the figures into pictures.

We all know, for instance, that Minneapolis is a large city. There are only 18 American cities that are larger. Yet if all the people who make magazines were to move to one spot, they would make a city as large as Minneapolis. There are eight states or territories that have a smaller population than the proud city of Magazinia would have.

This city of Magazinia would also have a yearly income equal to the combined revenues of Denmark, Roumania, Norway and Greece. Four European kingdoms—with a total population of over 13,000,000, with courts and armies and navies, with hundreds of tax gatherers, squeezing millions from the people—obtained less money last year than the people of the United States paid for magazines. Is it any wonder that the citizens of Magazinia feel proud of their achievements?

Six hundred million magazines a year! The total weight of these magazines is 62,500 tons.

THE CONDUCTOR'S SHAVE.

Remarks of Commuters Make Him Feel Like Punching Heads Instead of Tickets.

When the conductor, who had always worn a heavy mustach, entered the smoking car of the suburban train the other morning there was a weak smile upon his long upper lip. The mustach had disappeared, says the New York Sun.

He tried to punch tickets with an absence of self-consciousness, but it was not easy, for these were some of the comments and questions handed to him by the commuters as he passed down the line:

"We'll make better time now we don't have to carry that mustach."

"Going to wear Galways?"

"Did you swallow it?"

"I beg your pardon, but this is so sudden."

"Get it on again, quick."

"Getting gray, was it?"

"Company regulation?"

"He's as pretty as a show girl."

"What made you stop at your mustach? Why didn't you shave your head?"

"Tired of carrying excess baggage, eh?"

"Did it tickle your nose?"

"Girl make you take it off?"

"Gee! You're handsome now."

"What did the barber give you for it?"

"He looks like Russell Sage."

"No; Lillian Russell.

"What fine teeth he has, now that we can see them."

"What makes your upper lip so blue?"

"Cold, and no wonder."

"Get a little bunch of spinach on your chin, and break even."

"Did you lose it on the ponies?"

"Why didn't you keep it to bet on the election?"

"You'd better paint one on your lip until the other grows again."

And so on. The only passengers who had nothing to say were two or three who were ostentatiously rendered speechless with horror.

For Soldiers' Guidance.

The cotton handkerchiefs provided for French soldiers have printed upon them a number of sanitary precepts to be observed on the march and during a campaign, and are further decorated with medallions containing pictures of officers of all grades; the different uniforms being so distinctly portrayed that a French private can tell at a glance to what grade any officer he may see belongs.

Working for His Living.

Citizen—See here, why do you beg?

Mendicant—Why, a feller can't live by doin' nothin'.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

NOT SUCH A FUNNY TRICK.

Drummer's Joke on Waiter Turned Out a Costly One On Himself.

"I suppose there comes to every man a desire to do something smart on an occasion," said the drummer, as a sigh took the place of his smile, according to the New York Times.

"Well, such a desire came to me as I was leaving a certain southern city after a week's stay. The waiter at my table had called me 'Gineral' and been at great pains to care for me and I made up my mind to reward him with a $5 bill. It was a counterfeit with which I had been stuck, but I thought it would be the biggest kind of a joke to work off on Bob.

"I had got a hundred miles away when I was arrested on a telegram for passing counterfeit money, and when taken back I was arraigned in a United States court and had to give bail and appear on three different occasions. I had a lawyer and other expenses, lost a good three weeks altogether and just escaped prison by the skin of my teeth. In addition to this I had to make good to the waiter, who sorrowfully shook his head when he received the money and said:

"I'ze sorry for you, Gineral, but dis may be de means of savin' your contemptible soul from the gallus!"

JUST LIKE PRISON ROUTINE.

Boastful Traveler Brought to a Pause by a Very Embarrassing Question.

The scene was a third-class smoking compartment, five on a side. The speaker was stout, florid, with short-cut gray hair, and was very self-satisfied. The effeminate degeneracy of modern young men was his theme, relates London Tit-Bits.

"Look at me! Sixty years of age—never had a day's illness in my life, and can do my four miles an hour! Why? Because from when I was 20 to when I was over 40 I lived a regular life. No delicacies for me! No late hours! Every day, summer and winter, I went to bed at nine, got up at five, lived principally on porridge, worked hard—hard, mind you, from eight to one, then dinner, then an hour's walking exercise, and then—"

"Beg your pard'n, guv'nor," interrupted a young working man sitting opposite, "but wot was you in for?"

Further Explanation Needed.

Possible Purchaser—What is the title of this painting?

Artist—That is "A Ship in a Storm."

"It's wonderfully effective and striking. Would—h'm—would you mind telling me which is the ship and which is the storm?"—Chicago Tribune.

Found at Last.

Hensley, Ark., Dec. 26th.—(Special)—That a sure cure for Backache would be a priceless boon to the people, and especially the women of America, is admitted by all interested in medical matters, and Mrs. Sue Williams of this place is certain she has found in Dodd's Kidney Pills the long-looked-for cure.

"I am 38 years old," Mrs. Williams says, "and have suffered with the Backache very much for three or four years. I have been treated by good physicians and got no relief, but thanks to God, I have found a cure at last and it is Dodd's Kidney Pills. I have taken only one box and it has done me more good than all the doctors in three or four years. I want all sufferers from Backache to know that they can get Dodd's Kidney Pills and get well."

Backache is one of the first symptoms of Kidney Disease. Guard against Bright's Disease or Rheumatism by curing it with Dodd's Kidney Pills.

A three-year-old boy of Machias, Me., walked eight miles over rough country roads the other day. That boy will grow up to be a great actor.—Ohio State Journal.

BEAUTIFUL SKIN,

Soft White Hands and Luxuriant Hair Produced by Cuticura Soap.

Millions of Women Use Cuticura Soap, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, the great skin cure, for preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening and soothing red, rough and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings and chafings, for annoying irritations and ulcerative weaknesses, and many antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves, as well as for all the purposes of the toilet, bath and nursery.

It is a Parisian doctor who insists that love is the result of a microbe. Then let science take warning and leave the tender germ undisturbed.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Are You Going to Florida or New Orleans?

Tickets on sale via Queen & Crescent Route and Southern Railway to Florida, New Orleans and other points south at greatly reduced rates, good returning May 31st, 1905.

Also variable route tickets good going to points in Florida and Cuba via Atlanta, and returning via Asheville. For rates and other information address:—

W. A. Beckler, N. P. A., 113 Adams Street, Chicago, Ill.

D. P. Brown. N. E. P. A., 11 Fort Street, W., Detroit, Mich.

W. W. Dunnavant, T. P. A., Warren, Ohio.

W. C. Rinearson, G. P. A., Cincinnati, Ohio.

A Salt Lake doctor has found a new drug which he declares is better than castor oil. And it wouldn't have to be very good at that.—Indianapolis News.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

"Chat on the Care of Children," formerly a feature of the woman's page, has given way to "Timely Tips on the Treatment of Toy Dogs."—N. Y. Herald.

Do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—J. F. Boyer, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

A mother could tell her daughter lots about helping out her lover if she dared to give herself away to her.—N. Y. Press.

A Guaranteed Cure for Piles.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Even hope has been known to die of old age.—N. Y. Times.

Mrs. Elizabeth H. Thompson, of Lillydale, N. Y., Grand Worthy Wise Templar, and Member of W. C. T. U., tells how she recovered from a serious illness by the use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I am one of the many of your grateful friends who have been cured through the use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** and who can to-day thank you for the fine health I enjoy. When I was thirty-five years old, I suffered severe backache and frequent bearing-down pains; in fact, I had womb trouble. I was very anxious to get well, and reading of the cures your Compound had made, I decided to try it. I took only six bottles, but it built me up and cured me entirely of all my troubles.

"My family and relatives were naturally as gratified as I was. My niece had heart trouble and nervous prostration, and was considered incurable. She took your Vegetable Compound and it cured her in a short time, and she became well and strong, and her home to her great joy and her husband's delight was blessed with a baby. I know of a number of others who have been cured of different kinds of female trouble, and am satisfied that your Compound is the best medicine for sick women."—MRS. ELIZABETH H. THOMPSON, Box 105, Lillydale, N. Y.

Thousands upon thousands of women throughout this country are not only expressing such sentiments as the above to their friends, but are continually writing letters of gratitude to Mrs. Pinkham, until she has hundreds of thousands of letters from women in all classes of society who have been restored to health by her advice and medicine after all other means had failed.

Here is another letter which proves conclusively that there is no other medicine to equal **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I suffered with poor health for over seven years, not sick enough to stay in bed, and not well enough to enjoy life and attend to my daily duties properly. I was growing thin, my complexion was sallow, and I was easily upset and irritable.

"One of my neighbors advised me to try **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** and I procured a bottle. A great change for the better took place within a week, and I decided to keep up the treatment.

"Within two months I was like a changed woman, my health good, my step light, my eyes bright, my complexion vastly improved, and I felt once more like a young girl. I wonder now how I ever endured the misery. I would not spend another year like it for a fortune.

"I appreciate my good health, and give all the praise to **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."**—MRS. M. TILLA, 407 Habersteen St., Savannah, Ga.

Mrs. Pinkham has on file thousands of such letters.

$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness. Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass.

CELERY KING NATURE'S CURE

There is no alcohol in Celery King, the great tonic-laxative. It is, therefore, the safest medicine for the family. It cures stomach troubles, nervous diseases, blood diseases, headache. It is the most satisfactory laxative.

No, No Rum

Coughing is Serious

even for those in robust health. Take Shiloh's Consumption Cure, the Lung Tonic, it is guaranteed to cure any cough. Your money back, if it doesn't.

409

25c., 50c. and $1.00

Strawberry and Vegetable Dealers

The Passenger Department of the Illinois Central Railroad Company have recently issued a publication known as Circular No. 12, in which is described the

best territory in this country

for the growing of early strawberries and early vegetables. Every dealer in such products should address a postal card to the undersigned at DUBUQUE, IOWA, requesting a copy of "Circular No. 12."

J. F. MERRY, Asst. Gen'l Pass'r Agent.

PATENTS 48-page book FREE, highest references, FITZGERALD & CO., Box K, Washington, D. C.

Mixed Farming, Wheat Raising, Ranching.

FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Three great pursuits have again shown wonderful results on the FREE Homestead Lands of Western Canada this year.

Magnificent climate—farmers plowing in their shirt sleeves in the middle of November.

"All are bound to be more than pleased with the final results of the past season's harvests."—*Extract.*

Coal, wood, water, hay in abundance—schools, churches, markets convenient.

Apply for information to SUPERINTENDENT OF IMMIGRATION, Ottawa, Canada, or to H. M. WILLIAMS, Law Building, Toledo, O. Authorized Canadian Government Agent.

Please say where you saw this advertisement.

A CURIOUS FACT

It is worthy of remark that every city of any size or importance in the great state of Texas is located directly on the line of the M. K. & T. R'y. Naturally the country adjacent to these cities, and the cities themselves, are a little richer in opportunities than other portions of the state, which is as a whole a state surpassingly attractive to the investor and home-seeker.

Low rates on the first and third Tuesdays of each month.

I would like to send you some printed matter about Texas.

Write to me.

MK&T "KATY" ST. LOUIS, MO.

25 CTS PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

A. N. K—C 2054

ST. JACOBS OIL

The Old Monk Cure for **Pains and Aches** of the human family, relieves and cures promptly.

Price 25c. and 50c.

Pennsylvania
RAILROAD.

PHILADELPHIA AND ERIE RAIL ROAD DIVISION.

In effect Nov. 27, 1904.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM EASTWARD

8 10 A. M.—Week days for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6.23 P. M., New York 9.30 P. M., Baltimore 6 00 P. M., Washington 7.15 P. M. Pullman Parlor car from Williamsport to Philadelphia and passenger coaches from Kane to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltimore and Washington.

12:25 P. M. (Emporium Junction) daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and principal intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 7:32 p. m.; New York, 10:23 p. m.; Baltimore, 7:30 p. m.; Washington, 8:35, p. m. Vestibuled Parlor cars and passenger coaches, Buffalo to Philadelphia and Washington.

3 20 P. M.—daily for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 4.23 A. M., New York 7.13 A. M, Baltimore, 2:20 A. M. Washington, 3:30 A. M. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7:30 A. M.

10 30 P. M.—Daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Philadelphia 7.17 A. M., New York 9.33 A. M., weekdays, (10.38 A. M. Sunday;) Baltimore 7.15 A. M., Washington 8.30 A. M. Pullman sleeping cars from Erie, Buffalo and Williamsport to Philadelphia and Buffalo, Williamsport to Washington. Passenger cars from Erie to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltimore.

12:15 A. M. (Emporium Junction) daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and principal intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 7:32 a. m.; New York, 9:33 a. m., week days; (10:38 Sundays); Baltimore, 7:25 a. m.; Washington, 8:46 a. m. Vestibuled Buffet Sleeping Cars and Passenger coaches, Buffalo to Philadelphia and Washington.

WESTWARD.

5:10 A. M.—Emporium Junction—daily for Erie, Ridgway, and week days for DuBois, Clermont and intermediate stations.

10 30 A. M.—Daily for Erie and week days for DuBois and intermediate stations.

6 23 P. M.—Week days for Kane and intermediate stations.

RIDGWAY AND CLEARFIELD R. R. CONNECTIONS.
(Week days.)

SOUTHWARD. P. M	A. M.	A. M.	Stations.	NORTHWARD P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
.....	9 00	4 02	....Renovo....	.....	5 00	11 45
.....	9 50	4 41	...Driftwood...	....	4 00	11 05
.....	10 25	5 10	Emporium Junc	.....	3 23	10 35
.....	11 13	5 53	....St. Marys...	.....	2 35	9 53
3 20	11 05	5 55	.....Kane.....	12 25	3 00	8 25
3 36	11 23	6 10	.....Wilcox....	12 02	2 40	8 04
3 48	11 38	6 25	..Johnsonburg..	11 47	2 28	7 49
				.....	.....	
4 05	12 01	6 59	...Ridgway,....	9 20	2 10	7 30
.....	.....	.....		.....	.....	.....
4 15	12 09	7 01	...Mill Haven...	9 09	....	7 20
4 25	12 17	7 10	...Croyland....	9 00	1 49	7 09
.....	12 22	7 15	..Shorts Mills..	8 55	.....	7 05
4 34	12 26	7 19	...Blue Rock...	8 51	1 40	7 01
4 38	12 30	7 23	.....Carrier....	8 47	1 37	6 57
4 48	12 40	7 32	.Brockwayville.	8 37	1 27	6 47
4 53	12 45	7 37	...Lanes Mills..	8 34	1 23	6 43
4 57		7 41	.McMinns Sm't.	8 30		6 38
5 01	12 54	7 45	.Harveys Run...	8 25	1 15	6 35
5 05	1 00	7 50	..Falls Creek...	8 20	1 10	6 30
5 20	1 25	8 03	.....DuBois.....	8 08	12 55	6 10
5 10	1 15	7 55	..Falls Creek..	6 53	1 15	6 30
5 27	1 29	8 08	.Reynoldsville..	6 39	12 52	6 15
6 00	1 56	8 35	...Brookville...	6 05	12 24	5 39
6 45	2 38	9 20	.New Bethlehem	5 20	11 44	4 50
7 25	3 20	10 00	....Red Bank....	.....	11 05	4 05
10 00	5 30	12 35	....Pittsburg....	.....	9 00	1 30
P. M.	P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.

BUFFALO & ALLEGHENY VALLEY DIVISION.

Leave Emporium Junction for Port Allegany, Olean, Arcade, East Aurora and Buffalo.

Train No. 107, daily,.....4:05 A. M.
Train No. 115, daily,.....4:15 P. M.

Trains leave Emporium for Keating, Port Allegany, Coudersport, Smethport, Eldred, Bradford, Olean and Buffalo, connecting at Buffalo for points East and West.

Train No. 101, week days,.....8:25 A. M.
Train No. 103, week days.....1:35 P. M.

Train No. 103 will connect at Olean with Chautauqua Division for Allegany, Bradford, Salamanca, Warren, Oil City and Pittsburg.

LOW GRADE DIVISION.

EASTBOUND.

STATIONS.	109	113	101	105	107	951
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M	P. M	A. M.
Pittsburg,..Lv.	.....	†6 22	†9 00	†130	*505	† 9 00
Red Bank,.....	.....	9 30	11 05	4 05	7 55	10 55
Lawsonham,.....	.....	9 47	†1118	4 18	8 07	11 08
New Bethle'm..	5 20	10 20	11 44	4 50	8 37	11 40
Brookville,....	†6 05	11 10	12 24	5 39	9 22	12 26
Reynoldsville,	6 39	11 42	12 52	6 15	9 50	12 59
Falls Creek....	6 53	11 57	1 15	6 30	1005	1 14
DuBois,.....	7 00	†12 05	1 25	6 40	1015	† 1 20
Sabula,.....	7 12	.....	1 37	6 53		
Pennfield,.....	7 30	.....	1 55	7 15		
Bennezette,....	8 04	.....	2 29	7 47		
Driftwood,..... via P. & E. Div	†8 40	.....	†3 05	8 20		
Driftwood.. Lv.	†9 50	.....	†3 45			
Emporium, Ar.	†10 30	.....	†4 10			
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M	P. M	P. M.

WESTBOUND.

STATIONS.	108	106	102	114	110	952
Via P. & E. Div	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M
Emporium, Lv.	.....	.....	†8 10	.....	†3 20	.....
Driftwood, Ar..	.....	.....	†9 04	.....	†4 00	.....
Via L. G. Div	.....			.....		.....
Driftwood, Lv.	.....	†5 50	†1110	.....	†5 50	.....
Bennezette,....	.....	6 25	11 45	.....	6 25	.....
Pennfield,.....	.....	7 00	12 20	.....	7 04	.....
Sabula,.....	.....	7 18	12 39	.....	7 23	.....
DuBois,.....	*6 05	7 30	12 55	†5 00	7 35	†4 00
Falls Creek,....	6 12	7 55	1 15	5 10	7 42	4 07
Reynoldsville,..	6 30	8 08	1 29	5 27	7 58	4 20
Brookville.	7 05	8 35	1 56	6 00	†8 30	4 50
New Bethle'm.	7 51	9 20	2 38	6 45	9 20	5 35
Lawsonham,..	8 21	9 47	†3 06	7 14	....	6 08
Red Bank,Ar..	8 35	10 00	3 20	7 25	.....	6 20
Pittsburg, Ar...	*11 15	†1235	†5 30	†1010	.....	†9 30
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. ‡Sunday only. §Flag Stop.

On Sunday only train leaves Driftwood 8:20 a. m., arrives at DuBois, 10:00 a. m. Returning leaves DuBois, 2:00 p. m.; arrives at Driftwood, 3:40 p. m., stopping at intermediate stations.

For Time Tables and further information, apply to Ticket Agent.

J. R. WOOD, Pass'gr Traffic Mgr.
W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. GEO. W. BOYD, Gen'l Passenger Agt.

THE PITTSBURG, SHAWMUT & NORTHERN R. R.

Through Passenger Service Between St. Marys, Brockwayville, Shawmut, Smethport, Olean, Friendship, Angelica, Hornellsville, Wayland, Buffalo, and New York.

Effective Sunday, May 29, 1904.
Eastern Standard Time.
Time of Trains at St. Marys.

DEPART.

7.35 A. M.—For Kersey (Arr. 8.14 a. m.), Byrnedale (Arr. 8.56 a. m.,) Weedville (Arr. 9.03 a. m.;) Elbon (Arr, 8.46 a. m.,) Shawmut (Arr. 9.08 a. m.,) Brockwayville (Arr. 9.42 a. m.)

12.33 P. M.—For Clermont (Arr. 1.37 p. m.,) Smethport (Arr. 2.20 p. m.,) connecting for Bradford (Arr. 3.30 p. m.,) Eldred (Arr. 2.49 p. m.,) Olean (Arr. 3.40 p. m.,) connecting for Buffalo (Arr. 6.10 p. m.,) Bolivar (Arr. 3.33 p. m.,) Friendship (Arr. 4.08 p. m.,) Angelica (Arr. 4.34 p. m.,) Hornellsville (Arr. 6.10 p. m., Wayland (Arr. 7.23 p. m.,) connecting at Wayland with D. L. & W. R. R., and at Hornellsville with Erie R. R., for all points East and West.

2.45 P. M.—For Kersey (Arr. 3.26 p. m.,) Elbon (Arr. 4.09 p. m.,) Shawmut (Arr. 4.22 p. m.,) Brockwayville (Arr. 4.47 p. m.,) connecting with P. R. R., for Falls Creek (Arr. 5.10 p. m.,) DuBois (Arr. 5.25 p. m.,) Brookville (Arr. 6.09 p. m.,) and Pittsburg (Arr. 9.30 p. m.)

ARRIVE.

11.05 A. M. } From Brockwayville, Shawmut
6.50 P. M. } Elbon, Kersey and Byrnedale.

1.45 P. M.—From Wayland, Hornellsville, Canaseraga, Angelica, Friendship, Bolivar, Buffalo, Bradford, Olean Eldred, Smethport and Clermont.

All trains daily except Sunday.

D. F. MARONEY, Vice President, C. J. RENWICK, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Marys, Penna.

Foley's Kidney Cure
makes kidneys and bladder right.

The Stage Mirror.

Whenever a looking glass appears in a scene in a play above a fireplace, in a sideboard or a cabinet one is almost sure to hear somebody ask his or her neighbor why the glass has been smeared with whiting or soap or something that dulls its surface completely. All sorts of reasons are hazarded or suggested. Sometimes it is stated that it is done for luck, at others that they did not intend to leave it dirty. The real explanation is, however, a simple one. The glass is dirtied to prevent the illusion of the scene being destroyed, as it certainly would be if the audience saw in it the reflection of themselves or, worse still, the reflection of the people in the wings carrying on the business of the stage.—Chicago Tribune.

Let Her Pass.

The mistletoe above the door
Expectant swains were viewing.
A maid passed through, but she was more
Than thirty. Nothin' doing!
—Philadelphia Press.

Lungache,

pains in chest, bronchitis, and similar signs of a cold on the lungs, can be quickly relieved and cured by

HAMLINS
WIZARD OIL

No time should be lost, because lung trouble may easily develop into pneumonia or consumption. Hamlins Wizard Oil, applied to the chest, relieves the pain and inflammation, loosens up the cough and soon cures the disease.

"My little girl," writes Rich. W. Thornton of Quray, Colo., "suffered more or less with a cold on the lungs since her birth, and finally the trouble became serious. No remedies gave relief, until we tried Hamlins Wizard Oil, one bottle of which permanently cured her." Price 50c and $1.00.

Sold and recommended by

L. TAGGART.

Adam,
Meldrum &
Anderson Co.
BUFFALO, N. Y.
396-408 Main Street,

Three Great Sales

Three great white sales, the greatest bargain events of the year are scheduled for the month of January. The annual

January Undermuslin Sale

begins January 3 and continues the entire month. There will be greater attractions than ever before, both in novel and beautiful styles, and the extremely low prices at which these dainty garments will be offered. There are many half price items.

The Annual Linen Sale

begins Jan. 10. Many special features are offered in Table Cloths, Napkins and Linen by the yard, at one-third less than marked prices. There are also many exceptional offers in bed linens, art linens and towels and towelings.

The Annual Cotton Sale

begins January 10. Splendid bargains in all lines.

**Adam,
Meldrum &
Anderson Co.**
The American Block,
BUFFALO, N. Y

Dare-Devil Woodsmen.

Edward Powers and William Needham, lumbermen employed at one of the Goodyear camps in the Sinnamahoning district, won a wager the other day in a thrilling manner. They are members of a crew whose business it is to skid logs to the top of a three mile chute, which winds and twists its way down among the ravines and out over black chasm, until it ends on the edge of a creek where the logs are being banked for spring freshets. The chute is made of half logs, hollowed in the shape of deep troughs, then laid end to end the whole three miles into the valley below. A descent of nearly 500 feet is made in that distance, and the logs on the ice-covered slides, gain a frightful momentum before they run out on the home stretch at the "landing."

A knot of men at the camp shanty one night last week declared that none of the log rollers was brave enough to ride a log down the slide. A "purse" was raised in the banter, it consisting of a barrel of flour and a ham for the widow of one of the woodsmen who had died of typhoid fever last summer. Powers and Needham, both single men, accepted the banter, and the following day, selecting a smooth hemlock log started on their toboggan journey. They lay flat on the stick, using their legs to keep the crafs "right side up" and the slide was made without mishap. The entire distance was made in a little over four minutes and the widow for whom they won the flour and meat got it on Christmas day.—Ex.

Our Borough Fathers.

Regular meeting Boraugh Council, Emporium, Jan. 2d, 1905.

Present: Messrs. Julian, Friendle, Green, Housler, Cummings, Marshall. Absent: Messrs. Leet and Catlin.

Minutes of last regular and adjourned meetings read and approved.

On motion by Mr. Julian, seconded by Mr Housler, the following bills were ordered paid:

W. M. Snyder,	work on streets		$20 12
Kit Dalphy,	"	"	11 40
R. P. Bingeman,	"	"	2 00
Jas. Haviland,	"	"	1 50
John Welsh,	"	"	2 62
Henry Robinson,	"	"	2 62
Ray Armstrong,	"	"	1 62
J. Halderman,	"	"	1 26
Mark Danfer,	"	"	1 75
Geo. Welch,	"	"	54
Red Richie,	"	"	54
Ben Liston,	"	"	72
John Kane,	"	"	54
A. Swartwood, police service,			5 00
St. Marys Gas Co., gas for November,			27 45
Minnie M. Forbes, Int. on note to Jan. 12, 05			66 66
W. F. Lloyd, for freight paid,			2 92
Murray & Coppersmith Co., invoice (2)			16 46
A. F. Vogt, invoice,			5 00
Western Electric Co, invoice,			10 60
R. Clark, draying,			4 25
Leet & Co., invoice,			40
S. J. Hacket, "			1 15
C. B. Howard Co., invoice, (2)			14 41
D. C. Hayes, invoice,			4 00
Balcom & Lloyd, invoice,			9 08

Moved by Mr. Julian, seconded by Mr. Housler, that bill of Forbes & Hurteau be referred to a committee. Carried. Messrs. Julian, Marshall and Friendle appointed committee.

Treasurer's and Burgess' reports read and ordered filed.

Moved by Mr. Friendle, seconded by Mr. Julian, that matter of approach to barn of B. Egan be referred to street committee, with authority to committee to repair same. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Julian, seconded by Mr. Friendle, that hereafter no person shall be allowed to dig in any street until he or they shall have filed a bond in the sum of one thousand dollars, conditioned to save the borough harmless from any accident that may result therefrom and shall also have secured a permit from the Chief Burgess which permit shall be presented to the Street Commissioner and all work done under his supervision. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Julian, seconded by Mr. Green, that Borough Auditors' report be accepted and placed on file and Borough Auditors receive vote of thanks from Council. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Julian, seconded by Mr. Green, that bondsmen of C. H. Jessop be notified that all arrearages of taxes due from C. H. Jessop must be paid at once or suit will be brought to recover same. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Julian, seconded by Mr. Marshall, that resignation of Mr. Josiah Howard as Chief Burgess be accepted. Carried.

On motion by Mr. Housler, seconded by Mr. Green, the following resolution was adopted: "Resolved that the Court of Quarter Sessions be requested to appoint J. A. Friendle Chief Burgess of the Borough of Emporium to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Josiah Howard."

Moved by Mr. Green, seconded by Mr. Marshall, that Borough Auditors' report be advertised in the Cameron County Press and East Emporium Independent and that same be condensed as much as may be under advice of Borough Attorney and comply with the law. Carried

On motion the Council then adourned.

C. JAY GOODNOUGH, Sec'y.

Wanted.

Have you timber tract for sale? Any kind, light or heavy, hard or soft, I wish to buy. When you write give full particulars.

S. J. DRUMHELLER,
46-2t. Danielsville, Pa.

Latest Popular Music.

Miss May Gould, teacher of pianoforte, has received a full line of the latest and most popular sheet music. All the popular airs. Prices reasonable.

44-tf.

The Pittsburg, Shawmut & Northern R. R. Co. General Passenger Department.

A change of time in passenger trains will be made on the Shawmut Line, Sunday, January 8th. The principle change in the present schedule will be trains No's. 8 and 9 which will be discontinued south of Angelica; these are the morning and evening trains running from and to Bolivar. These trains will continue to run on about the samo schedule between Angelica and Hornellsville.

Another important change is train No. 2 which now arrives at Hornellsville at 6:10 p. m., will arrive at 5:55 p. m., and No. 25 from Hornellsville to Wayland, now leaving Hornellsville at 6.30 will leave at 6.15, arriving at Wayland at 7.08, making connections with Erie train No. 101 for Rochester.

An additional train will leave Hornellsville at 3:30 p. m., for Wayland, returning leave Wayland at 6.10 p. m., upon arrival of D. L. & W., No, 3 from the east, running through to Hornellsville.

A very complete passenger time-table folder will shortly be issued by the Passenger Department, which will include schedules of all trains.

44-2t

How is it Here?

The school board in one of the towns of Schuylkill county has got itself into trouble through neglect to enforce the provisions of the compulsory education act. Meeting with difficulties—probably no greater than experienced in most places—in the work of preventing truancy, the board evidently abandoned all efforts in that direction. It now hears from the State Department of Public Instruction that unless the law is complied with and attendance of children in school compelled the State appropriation will be withheld. This would mean a serious loss which no district could well afford. Such an admonition is enough to stir up any school board and make it do its full duty, and most likely it will have that effect in this instance. The State appropriation to the schools is an admirable thing in more ways than one. It enables the State authority to insist upon the enforcement of proper and wholesome laws made in the interest of public education, where those laws would be otherwise a dead letter in many districts.

AMONG THE MAGAZINES.

MCCLURE'S FOR JANUARY.

Read McClure's for January!

There's one New Year's resolution that will prove a pleasure as well as a profit. For besides the manifold entertainment in its nine stories, it contains articles timely and pleasure. "Lynching in the South," by Ray Stannard Baker, will do more than many an act of Congress to break down the barracks of sectional misunderstanding on the negro problem. In "Tuberculosis, the Real Race Suicide," Samuel Hopkins Adams states, no less authoritatively than startling, the horrors of "The Great White Plague." He shows that modern science could alleviate and prevent the dread disease.

Heart-beats of our great nation, grave and gay are galvanized into life by the cunning hands of several story-writers in this number. The last chapters of Stewart Edward White's serial, "The Rawhide," contain not only the sweeping outdoor flavor of Arizona (shown, too, in Maxfield Parrish's wonderful color picture). Another Arizona story, in amusing contrast to this, is Henry Wallace Philips' yarn, "A Touch of Nature," in which our old cowboy friend, Red Saunders, adventures strangely with a kilted Scotchman. To a little Kansas town we are carried by the stinging, powerful pen of Wila Cather, to witness "The Sculptor's Funeral." Charles Fleming Embree tells what a mockery was "The Liberty of Florentino," a poor little Cuban who was run out of his little Indiana school because they called him "nigger," and who wasn't allowed to work at his trade because they called him "scab." M. M. W. Woodrow sketches sharply the proud little woman who was "Old Man Johnson's Successor" in a Western mining town. More humor, typically American, follows in "Billy's Orgy," Grace S. Richmond's tale of the pleasant martyrdom of a bachelor uncle, and in "The Schism at St. Hilda's," in which Mark Lee Luther describes an amazing clerical dispute in a fashionable parish.

An extraordinary revelation of a Japanese sacrifice, "For Love of Country," is made by John Dwight—a true story. Seumas MacManus tells a rollicking Irish fairy-tale of the three princes who captured "The Steed of Bells." More articles are by Frederic Irland, who writes of the Reporter who Became President,' (James Madison,) and C. E. Williams, who gives charmingly and truthfully, "A Glimpse of Beavers at Work." Graceful poems by A. E. Housman and Florence Wilkinson add a finishing touch to this number—one full of interest to any one that takes an interest in his nation and his fellowmen.

THE ARENA.

The January "Arena" contains the opening paper of a series of eight contributions which promise to prove the most important addition to the campaign against corruption and political debauchery that has appeared, and we should not be surprised if this series marked the inauguration of a tidal wave of political morality in Philadelphia and Pennsylvania as irresistible as that inaugurated by Thomas Nast in "Harpers' Weekly" and carried forward by the New York "Times," which culminated in the overthrow of the Tweed Ring and the downfall and disgrace of men long supposed to be invincible. These papers are entitled "Forty Years in the Wilderness; or, The Masters and Rulers of 'The Freemen' of Pennsylvania," and they have been prepared by one of the most prominent and universally respected citizens of Philadelphio,—a man who as a civic leader and an incorruptible foe of all phases of dishonesty, graft and indirection has for years waged a relentless war against the men who were dragging down the fair name of one of our greatest commonwealths and virtually imperilling free institutions through shameful corruption. These papers by Mr. Blankenburg are unique in many ways and of special value because they come from the pen of a resident of Philadelphia, a man thoroughly responsible for all that he says, and a cultured thinker whose business standing and social position are of the highest. The opening contribution, which is illustrated with admirable portraits of Thaddeus Stevens, Simon Cameron, J. Donald Cameron, Col. A. K. McClure and others, deals with "The Birth of Corruption" in Pennsylvania.

Another paper even more startling in character and of the same general purport appears in this issue under the head of "The Reign of Boodle and the Rape of the Ballot in St. Louis." It has been prepared for "The Arena" by the prominent lawyer and author, the Hon. Lee Meriwether.

Another paper in the January "Arena" which merits the careful attention of intelligent voters and students of political economy is the discussion of "The Postal Savings-Banks of Great Britain and How the Government of England Fosters Savings Among the Poor," which constitutes the second paper in "The Arena's" series of international contributions devoted to the progress of advance democratic movements throughout the world.

WOMAN'S HOME COMPANION.

The January number of the Woman's Home Companion makes good its title of being a Woman's magazine. Marion Harland writes on "My Twelve Favorite Recipes." Other articles of interest to the housewife are "How to Bring Up the Children," "Mrs. Sangster's Home Page," "A Calendar Party," "For the Girl Who Earns Her Own Living," "Mottoes for the New-year," "Underwear for the Little Folks," "Some Famous Old Virginia Dishes." The double page contains a number of photographs showing the charm of old age. Henry Irving Dodge has a dramatic story of modern business, "The Epoch-Making Struggle for Northern Pacific," and Fritz Morris writes on "When Royalty Goes Visiting." The fiction includes "The King of Diamonds," by Louis Tracy; "Uncle Peleg's Queer Will," by Frederick Smith, and "Father," by Owen Oliver, Published by The Crowell Publishing Company; Springfield; Ohio; one dollar a year; ten cents a copy.

After putting your best foot forward get there with both feet.

C. B. HOWARD & COMPANY,
General Merchandise.
STORE ON THE RIALTO.

DRY GOODS

Ladies Wrappers

We have them in flanelette, Percales and Calico. Every one is made in the latest style and are handsomely trimmed; the lining is good and the seams are bound. From 90c to $2.00 each.

Petticoats

Black sateen Petticoats, adjustable yokes, good quality sateen and trimmed with ruffles, accordion plaited. All made full and wide. Assorted lengths from 50c to $2.70.

OUTING.

Some of the best grades of Outing that we handle are Lily Cloth, in plain and fancy colors and Cinderilla Flanelette, in plain and fancy colors. These goods have a twilled weave peculiar to themselves, which makes them extra heavy and a good heavy fleece on either side, etc., at 10c and 12c per yard. We also have a lot of cheaper grades that are excellent values in a variety of colors at 8c and 10c per yard.

CALICO

Our stock of Calicoes are always up to date. We handle the famous Simpson and American prints. They always hold the color in washing. Have them in blues, greys, browns and black, etc., a 6c and 7c a yard.

McCALL'S PATTERNS.

The McCall Patterns are always up to date. You will have no trouble in doing your sewing if you use the McCall patterns. Help yourself to a fashion sheet while in our store.

Gents' Furnishings.

Do not fail to see those new Storm Coats. They are certainly all right, price and all.

C. B. HOWARD & CO.

Balcom & Lloyd.

WE have the best stocked general store in the county and if you are looking for reliable goods at reasonable prices, we are ready to serve you with the best to be found. Our reputation for trustworthy goods and fair dealing is too well known to sell any but high grade goods.

Our stock of Queensware and Chinaware is selected with great care and we have some of the most handsome dishes ever shown in this section, both in imported and domestic makes. We invite you to visit us and look our goods over.

Balcom & Lloyd.